The Janesville Daily Gazette.

VOLUME 32 | Entered at the Post Office at Janesville Wis., as second-class matter. | JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN, TUESDAY, AUGUST 14, 1888. | Published Every Evening Except Sunday, at $6 a Year | NUMBER 134

THE GAZETTE.

TUESDAY AUGUST 14.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT,
BENJAMIN HARRISON.
OF INDIANA.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
LEVI P. MORTON.
OF NEW YORK.

Rock County Republican Convention.

A republican County Convention is hereby called to meet at the court house in the city of Janesville, at two o'clock p. m. on Wednesday, August 15th, 1888, for the following purposes:

To elect thirteen delegates to represent Rock county in the First Congressional District Convention to be held at Clinton on August 30th, to nominate a candidate for member of congress.

To elect thirteen delegates to represent Rock county in the Republican State Convention to be held in Milwaukee on August 22d, to nominate candidates for state officers.

And to transact any other business which may properly come before the convention.

The several towns and wards will be entitled to delegates as follows:

Beloit, Bradford, fifth ward, city of Janesville, two (2) each; Avon, Harmony, Janesville, Johnstown, La Prairie, Magnolia, Rock, first ward city of Beloit, three (3) each; Center, Fulton, Lima, Newark, Plymouth, Porter, Turtle, City of Edgerton, second and fourth wards city of Beloit, third ward city of Janesville, four (4) each; Spring Valley, third ward city of Beloit, second ward city of Janesville, five (5) each; fourth ward city of Janesville, six (6); Clinton, and first ward city of Janesville, seven (7) each; Milton eight (8); Union nine (9).

By Order of the County Committee.
W. T. VANDUZE,
R. J. BURDICK,
M. V. PRATT,
S. C. CARR,
SILAS WARD,
Republican County Committee.
Janesville, Wis., August 1st, 1888.

MARSHALL FIELD'S POLITICS.

BOSTON, Mass., August 13.—The Boston Herald on Sunday published the following in an editorial:

Mr. Marshall Field, the head of the great Chicago mercantile house of Feild, Leiter & Co., has been in Boston, and he talked politics while here. Mr. Field is a life-long republican, and he is also a protectionist, but to the surprise of some republicans who interviewed him he professed an intention this year of voting for Cleveland. He does this on the ground that President Cleveland's administration in its policy of the tariff question is distinctly on the side of the business interests of the country.

The Journal to-day exposes a few errors in the above: 1. The "Great Chicago Dry Goods House of Field, Leiter & Co." has not been in existence for at least a half dozen years. The firm is now Marshall Field & Co. Mr. Leiter (himself a southern democrat) is a resident of Washington, having hired Blaine's house there, and is out of business. 2. Mr. Marshall Field is not "a life-long republican." On the contrary, he is a life-long democrat. Born of a prominent democratic family in western Massachusetts, he has been a democrat as a boy and man. Few persons have been so deeply in the counsels of the democratic party of Illinois or have contributed their money to it so liberally as has Marshall Field. 3. Mr. Marshall Field has never been a protectionist. His firm is, and long has been the largest importers of foreign dry goods of any house in the whole United States, away from the Atlantic coast. Consequently it pays annually a very large sum in duties, and he has long been an ardent advocate of what is called "tariff reform." In other words, he has long ago espoused the Cobden club theories and those generally entertained by the disinterested British manufacturers. As Illinois is good for 50,000 plurality for Harrison and Morton, Mr. Field's vote, given to the democrats as usual, is of no conceivable consequence.

THE DEMOCRATIC REVOLT.

The Albany, N. Y., Times, one of the leading democratic newspapers of the Empire state, has renounced Cleveland and his free trade ideas. The action of this journal is further evidence of the powerful revolt which is setting in among eastern democrats. In speaking of Mr. Cleveland and the record which he has made during the past four years, the Times says:

Had it been some devoted champion of the true principles of the party, some loved and trusted leader, in whose fidelity and wisdom the party could even blindly trust, and whom it could follow with no question of his steadfastness to principle, the message on which the campaign has been made to turn might have been accepted, though more probably it would then have not been offered. But that the whole future of the party should be wagered on a test, which he presented apparently for no reason other than to force his own renomination (with a trust in luck for success at the polls afterward), is not an invitation to faithful democrats to aid in his reelection so much as it is a warning of the risks the party is hereafter to suffer at his hands.

There is no doubt in any sane man's mind that the election of Mr. Cleveland in the coming fall would be an intimation and on the surface a logical evidence that the democratic party is opposed to the principle of protection, and with that stigma and burden upon it, it would not be able again to elect another president. The question in myriads of democratic minds is one of this very heroic character: Would it not be better for the party in all future time that it should by its votes this fall pronounce in the most decided terms against the ruinous policy of the president and vindicate its principles as a party of protection to labor and home industries.

The pretty little city of Ripon is presenting some strong arguments in favor of Henry George's theories of taxing land values these days. During the last fifteen years says the Milwaukee Sentinel, Ripon has lost property enough by fire to have paid for water works several times or to have sustained an efficient paid fire department for a place of that size for half a century. But Ripon has a considerable population of well-to-do people who do nothing more tiresome than to collect interest upon realty mortgages and kick at public improvements. They are attracted by the beauty of the city and the educational privileges afforded by their progeny. The men who have built the city figure themselves entitled to some privileges and local elections are always upon issues which hurt somebody's feelings. Last spring the young business men took hold and with the old business men elected Herman Everz, a very popist merchant and a very live man, mayor. The issue was water works, and the council was a tie upon the question. Mayor Everz voted aye and the preliminary work began. The other side proceeded to get out an injunction and there the matter stands. Yesterday Mayor Everz, Attorney J. J. Foote and Lute Wood were in Milwaukee looking up matters with reference to proceeding regardless of opposition. Cavalry, infantry and artillery companies are now stationed at Ripon.

Here is the latest divorce puzzle in New York. The case is this: A husband who had been divorced from his wife married her again, and now wants a second divorce. The wife was barred under the statute from re-marrying. But did the statute mean that she could not re-marry her former husband? Does the husband need a second divorce? If his second marriage was invalid he is free.

The Buffalo News, that claimed the honor of first mentioning Grover Cleveland for president in 1884, is now opposing him with might and main. A recent issue contains a large number of names of prominent democrats in western New York who have left their party on the issue raised by the Mills bill and have declared for Harrison and Morton.

MR. PARNELL'S SCHEME.

His Idea of Local Self-Government for Ireland in 1886.

LONDON, Aug. 14.—Mr. Parnell's scheme of local self-government for Ireland, to which Mr. Chamberlain refers in his letter to the *Times*, has been made public. A synopsis is as follows:

It proposes to create county boards to be elected by rate-payers biennially, these boards to levy county rates and administer all county business. It further proposes that each county board and municipality, according to population, elect representatives to a central board at Dublin, which shall manage all public departments and levy taxes for public works and for guarantees and subsidies to public enterprises. It would be entitled to borrow money from the treasury for the purposes sanctioned by law and to grant loans to owners and occupants of lands, subject to the consent and regulations of the treasury. It would have the power to ask Parliament for contributions from the imperial exchequer not exceeding the proportion of such contributions to the rates granted for similar purposes in England. It would have control over all public endowments for educational purposes in Ireland, and over the unapplied balance of the Irish church fund, now in keeping of the land commissioners. When either the county boards or the central board should exercise the right of compulsorily taking on lease or purchasing land in order to enlarge holdings, or to supply other holdings to tenants in congested districts, the valuation for the lease or purchase might be left to the land commissioners. There would be no appeal from the central board, except on the question of legal power, and such appeal would be finally decided by the Supreme Court of Appeal. The central board would also be authorized to delegate any of its powers to a committee and to appoint a president and other employes to administer them.

The scheme further provides that land-owners shall have representation on both the county and central boards in proportion to the rates paid by them, and suggests that landlords and tenants may hold separate elections to secure that end.

AMERICAN PARTY CONVENTION.

P. D. Wiggenton Will Probably Be Chosen Chairman.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 14.—The convention of the American party will begin here today in Grand Army Hall on Pennsylvania avenue. It is probable that P. D. Wiggenton, who ran for Governor of California on the American ticket two years ago, will be chosen chairman of the convention. There is a strong element in the convention which favors placing a Presidential ticket in the field, but there is also considerable opposition. There are too few delegates in the city as yet to predict what will be done in this regard. Mayor Hewitt is undoubtedly the choice of the majority of the delegates for President, in case he would accept the nomination. The principal plank in the platform will be one favoring the restriction of immigration, but other resolutions will favor the maintenance of the public school system and the taxation of all church property.

The California delegation is working hard for the insertion in the platform of a plank to the effect that no non-resident alien can own property in the United States and that no resident alien can own land, except within certain prescribed limits.

GENERAL SHERIDAN'S WILL.

How the Dead Soldier Disposed of His Earthly Effects.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 14.—General Sheridan's will has been filed and admitted to probate in the probate court here. The will is dated May 23, 1888. He leaves to his wife one-third of all his real estate, except the Ohio homestead, and one-third of all the personal property in lieu of dower. To Mrs. Kate Sheridan he leaves the Ohio homestead, to revert to his son, P. H. Sheridan, in fee simple. All the rest of the property he leaves to his wife, his brother, M. V. Sheridan, and Linden Kent in trust to receive rents, etc., for the maintainance and education of his children. He gives the care and guardianship of his children to his wife. The petition for probate states that his personal estate consists of $2,721 in money, $8,000 in stocks, etc., $3,000 in swords, etc., $3,000 in household furniture, $800 in a horse and carriage and $500 in the house at Nonquitt and the indebtedness is not more than $1,250. Letters testamentary were granted Mrs. Sheridan, Colonel Sheridan and Mr. Kent on bond of $2,500.

Heavy Failure.

HALIFAX, N. S., Aug. 14.—Esson & Co., wholesale grocers, have assigned. Liabilities, $250,000. The firm did a business of $500,000 a year. They hope to effect a compromise and settle in full. The trouble was precipitated by the Halifax Banking Company refusing to grant further advances.

A Wedding Party's Predicament.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Aug. 14.—The thirty-three guests at a Hebrew wedding were arrested for dancing on Sunday, and all of them, including the bride and groom, had to spend the night in the lock-up, owing to the fact that the bail commissioner was out of town.

The Marietta Victims.

MARIETTA, O., Aug. 14.—Five of the persons stricken with disease after attending the alumni dinner here have died and Prof. J. D. Phillips is very low and may not live.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station D, New York City.*

FLORIDA'S SCOURGE.

Progress of the Yellow Fever at Jacksonville.

BUSINESS OF ALL KINDS PARALYZED.

Only One Route Left Open by Which the Panic-Stricken Residents May Leave the City—Fears of Negro Looters.

HORRORS OF THE FEVER.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Aug. 14.—Only two new cases of yellow fever are reported in the city as occurring in the last twenty-four hours—B. F. Dillon, superintendent of the Western Union Telegraph Company, and William Sheppard, residing on Church street. Dr. Mitchell, president of the Board of Health, does not think Mr. Geldar died of yellow fever. Deaths Monday, 1; recovered, 1; under treatment, 19; whole number of cases so far, 25; total deaths, 4.

Fifty teams and large gangs of men are engaged in cleaning the streets, hauling and burning garbage, rubbish, etc. Five or six fruit stands and several small buildings have been burned. Coal tar and pitch-pine fires are blazing in all parts of the city, and chloride of lime, copperas and other powerful disinfectants have been freely scattered about the city. It is estimated that 10,000 people have fled from the city. Business is at a standstill, the stores keeping open only during the middle of the day. The hotels are all closed. There is some talk of burning down the Grand Union Hotel, where McCormick, the first victim here, was taken ill.

The only route now open for leaving the city is that via Atlanta. This means of exit is likely to be closed at any hour, leaving Jacksonville practically shut in on all sides. Business is completely paralyzed. The Florida Savings Bank has been forced to take advantage of the sixty-day rule with reference to the withdrawal of deposits, and no money will be paid out at present. It is feared that the large number of unemployed negroes in the city will soon begin to plunder thousands of deserted houses. The police force has been increased, but is still scarcely able to protect the entire city.

The work of fumigation is still going on over the city, and every possible means is being used to confine the disease to its present limits. The "concussion" theory of killing the fever germs will be given a practical test. A battery of five pieces of artillery has commenced a systematic firing, which will be kept up for several days. The business of the Western Union Telegraph Company is seriously interfered with, only about one-third of the regular operators remaining in town.

The Savannah (Ga.) Benevolent Association has contributed $1,000 for the relief of the distressed at Jacksonville. This is the first subscription to the relief fund.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 14.—Inspectors are placed on all incoming trains, and persons known to be from fever-infected points are detained at quarantine until seven days from their leaving such points, but it is often difficult to enforce the precaution.

OFFICERS SHOT DEAD.

Three Constables, Confronted by Friends of a Prisoner, Give Up Their Lives.

SOMERSET, Ky., Aug. 14.—Constables Doc Vestal with Deputy Constables Henry Warman and Van Warman, went from Greenwood Station, Ky., on the Cincinnati Southern railroad, to Cedar Creek church, near Cumberland Falls, twelve miles east of Greenwood, to arrest Andy Hamlin for seducing a sister of the Warmans. They chose the church, because they believed the Hamlins would be unarmed. After sitting through the services Constable Vestal read the warrant to Andy Hamlin, and he consented to go to Greenwood. When the officers had gone a mile with their prisoner they were overtaken by a gang in command of Alexander Hamlin. The latter demanded the release of Andy and the officers refused. Alexander then shot Van Warman dead. The officers returned the fire and a general fusillade took place. Both the Warmans were killed and Constable Vestal is mortally wounded. The county sheriff is after the Hamlins.

JAPAN'S CALAMITY.

Further Details of the Loss of Life and Property by the Eruption at Bandai San.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 14.—Further advices regarding the volcanic eruptions in Japan state that the small villages of Kishikawa, Akimoto and Hosono, in Hinokihara Mura, were covered with sand and ashes, and the site on which they stood is thrown into a mountain. The number of persons buried in these villages is entirely unknown, but it is believed that no one there escaped alive. The following villages suffered the most: At Norita, forty-five residences were destroyed and twelve persons killed; at Shibuya, seventeen residences were destroyed and twenty persons killed and wounded; at Nagazaki, twenty-five residences were destroyed and ninety-eight persons killed; at Horeki, thirty-seven residences were destroyed, but no one was killed as the people had fled.

Didn't Shoot at Boulangor.

PARIS, Aug. 14.—General Boulanger has returned to Paris from his tour. After an examination the magistrate of St. Jean D'Angely ordered the release from custody of Prof. Perrin, who was charged with attempting to shoot General Boulanger during a political fight at that place. It is stated that Prof. Perrin was knocked down by partisans of Boulangor, that he fired at his assailant in self-defense and not at the General. Many participants in the fight have been arrested.

Blaine and Morton to Visit Ohio.

COLUMBUS, O., Aug. 14.—L. B. Harris, treasurer of the Ohio Centennial Commission, who went to New York to invite James G. Blaine to be one of the orators at the opening of the exposition in this city September 4 next, telegraphs that both Mr. Blaine and Levi P. Morton will surely attend the centennial.

A River of Oil.

CHICAGO, Aug. 14.—At 12:10 o'clock a. m. crude petroleum, started from Lima, O., three weeks ago, arrived in Chicago through the big pipe line of the National Transit Company. The oil is now flowing into the tanks at South Chicago at the rate of 8,000 barrels per hour.

Suicide at Sea.

NEW YORK, Aug. 14.—G. W. Carpenter, a lawyer of this city, jumped from the steamship Arizona in mid-ocean Thursday last and was drowned. He had been abroad for his health, having shown signs of brain trouble.

Harrison to Have an Outing.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Aug. 14.—General Harrison and family, together with one or two friends will go, about the 20th inst., to Middle Bass Island in Lake Erie, near Put-in-Bay. He will spend some time in that quiet retreat.

Pear's Soap is the most elegant toilet adjunct.

Hay Fever.

I have suffered greatly from periodical returns of hay fever. Covart & Cheever, druggists, suggested Ely's Cream Balm. I used it during a severe attack. I can cheerfully testify as to the immediate and continued relief obtained by its use. I heartily recommend it to those suffering from this or kindred complaints.—(Rev.) H. A. Smith, Clinton, Wis.

—Ink, mucilage, pens pencils etc., at King & Skellys.

A BAD SMASH-UP.

An Erie Passenger Train Crashes Into a Wrecked Freight—The Fireman Shoots Himself to Prevent Burning to Death—Twenty Passengers Injured—Mrs. Langtry and Fred Gebhard Lose Heavily.

PORT JERVIS, N. Y., Aug. 14.—A wash out occurred on the Erie railroad near Shohola. An east-bound freight was wrecked and the cars smashed. The engineer, M. Fritz, and the fireman, O. Hogue, sustained injuries in the head, and the conductor, Fred Long, in the back. The west-bound express train came along about the same time and was thrown down an eighty-foot embankment. Efforts were made to flag the train but proved unsuccessful. The cars caught fire and were totally burned. The firemen of the express train, Alex Newman, was caught in the wreck and burned to death. The injured passengers number twenty. All are doing well. Twelve horses in a car attached to the freight train were roasted.

Several of the horses burned belonged to Lily Langtry and Fred Gebhard and the valuation placed upon them was $100,000. They had been shipped from Long Branch on Saturday and were in charge of a number of trainers and grooms, all of whom had a narrow escape from death as the cars rolled down the embankment. Mr. Gebhard's horses burned were Role, Rolfet, Minosa, Blanks, Certainty, Pauline, Frank, Orphan Boy, Scandinavian, owned by Mat. Storms, of California, was killed, also two black tandem horses belonging to Mrs. Langtry. Mat. Storms, owner of Scandinavian, was in the car with the horses and will probably die of his injuries.

Relief trains, just in from the wreck, report two killed and twenty wounded, eight fatally. Fireman Newman was caught in between the burning cars, and shot himself. The baggage, mail and express cars were burned up.

HER MAJESTY YIELDS.

The Widow of the Late German Emperor Decides to Give Up His Papers.

LONDON, Aug. 14.—The *Pall Mall Gazette* announces that Empress Frederick, of Germany, has finally conceded to the German authorities the right to her late husband's papers, and assured Prince Bismarck of their immediate delivery into the hands of the proper persons. The reason of her Majesty's yielding is stated to be a threat made by Prince Bismarck to delay the opening of the late Emperor's will until the paper should be returned. As the royal lady depends wholly upon the provisions of the will for her future allowlowance, the statement possesses elements of truth which can not be ignored, since it is in the power of the Chancellor to postpone the opening and reading of the will indefinitely in the absence of a positive order from the Emperor to the contrary, an order the Kaiser would be very unlikely to issue.

FOREIGN WORKMEN COMING.

A Party of Two Hundred Skilled Artists from England En Route to Accept Positions in the West.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Aug. 14.—Over 200 workmen skilled in various trades, principally iron and steel, passed through this city on the Pennsylvania railroad, en route to different Western cities, to take positions promised them previous to their sailing from England. They arrived in Philadelphia on the steamship Ohio. One of their number, a man of good appearance, stated that he was from Shropshire, Eng.; that he was a skilled workman in iron and steel, and that he, as well as a number of his companions, were going to Joliet, Ill., to accept positions in the steel works at that place. He had been receiving wages of three shillings per day in England, and spoke of the condition of foreign workingmen and their families as deplorable.

BASE-BALL.

Thirteen Innings Between the New York and Chicago Teams Result in a Draw—Other Games.

National League games on Monday resulted as follows: At New York—New York, 5; Chicago, 5 (game called on account of darkness in the thirteenth inning). At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 2; Indianapolis, 1. At Pittsburgh—Pittsburgh, 3; Washington, 2. At Boston—Rain.

Western Association: At Chicago—Sioux City, 5; Chicago Maroons, 3. Other games postponed on account of wet grounds.

American Association: At Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 3; Baltimore, 2. At Kansas City—Kansas City, 9; Athletic, 4. At St. Louis—St. Louis, 8; Cleveland, 3. At Louisville—Louisville, 7; Brooklyn, 2.

MASSACRE IN ABYSSINIA.

Three Hundred and Fifty Native Troops Under Italian Officers Cut to Pieces by King John's Army.

ROME, Aug. 14.—An official dispatch received from Massowah contains the following startling intelligence: "Three hundred and fifty auxiliary troops under the command of Italian officers have been destroyed by Abyssinians. The killed included all the officers. An attack was being made by the auxiliaries upon Sagamoh. The catastrophe was due to treachery on the part of native allies who joined the enemy during the fighting."

Von Moltke Retires.

BERLIN, Aug. 14.—Count Von Moltke has retired from his position as Field Marshal of the German Army, and is succeeded by Lieutenant-General Count Von Waldersee. Emperor William has written a gracious and affectionate letter to General Moltke, nominating him for president of the country defense division.

The appointment conferred upon Count Von Moltke was held by the late Emperor Frederick until he ascended to the throne, since when it has been vacant.

A Noted Communist Dead.

PARIS, Aug. 14.—M. Flotte, the notorious Communist and intimate friend of General Blanqui, is dead. He was many times sent to prison for the active part he took in communism, and after the downfall of the Commune following the Franco-Prussian war fled to America, where he remained until the proclamation of amnesty to participants in that uprising.

Its superior excellence proven in millions of homes for more than a quarter of a century, it is used by the United States Government. Endorsed by the heads of the Great Universities as the Strongest, Purest, and most Healthful. Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder does not contain Ammonia, Lime, or Alum. Sold only in cans.
PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.
NEW YORK CHICAGO. ST. LOUIS

AUGUST, THIS YEAR!

The season just opening up promises to be a prosperous one, notwithstanding it being a campaign year and universally supposed to be a bad one for business It may or may not be so, but there is one thing we do know and that is, our past season has been more than good. We do not trouble ourselves as to the question of free trade or protection; we leave that for wiser heads than ours, but we have a little platform of our own in which you will find one PET PLANK, which we never change, and that is, THOUGHTFULNESS and CONSIDERATION for the interest of customers. We go into the market with the cash and are thereby enabled to take advantage of all the discounts our cash entitles us to and which in turn we give to our customers in the shape of

EXTREMELY LOW PRICES ON DESIRABLE DRY GOODS

A study of our weekly announcements will verify this and prove a benefit to our patrons. Before many days we will be enabled to present to you

THE MOST COMPLETE STOCK OF NEW FALL GOODS IN THE CITY.

and we are certain that prices will always be right—that means a shade lower than others. The balance of this month will be devoted to a grand clearing sale of all summer goods.

Clearing Price on

WHITE GOODS,
WASH GOODS,
FLOUNCINGS,
PARASOLS.
SUMMER Underwear
SUMMER HOSIERY.
SUMMER Millinery.

EVERY LINE THAT COMES UNDER THIS HEADING AT PRICES TO CLOSE.

ARCHIE REID.

Our Fall Woolens.

HAVE ARRIVED.

To make room for them in our stock we offer

WONDERFUL INDUCEMENTS,

FOR THE NEXT

TEN DAYS 10 TEN DAYS.
TEN DAYS TEN DAYS.

ON

Our Summer Weights

Also in our

Furnishing Goods and Hats,

We will sell at and below cost. REMEMBER FOR 10 DAYS ONLY.

J. L. FORD,

Merchant Tailor, 51 W. Milwaukee St.

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND

THE CELEBRATED NERVE TONIC.

A Word to the Nervous You are painfully aware that you have nerves? Then you are sick. A healthy boy has as many as you, but he doesn't know it. That is the difference between "sick" and "well."

Why don't you cure yourself? It is easy. Don't wait. Paine's Celery Compound will do it. Pay your druggist a dollar, and enjoy life once more. Thousands have. Why not you?

WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Proprietors, Burlington, Vt.

LOWELL'S Cash Hardware Store!

At 14 River Street,

E. Hall's old stand, is the place to buy good

Hardware Cheap For Cash.

Stock new and fresh. A good

Tin Shop and All Kinds of Repairing.

C. COGSWELL & CO.

LAWN TENNIS,
CAMPING SHOES,
AND RUSTIC SLIPPERS.

THE - BEST - IS - THE - CHEAPEST.

ELDERLY LADIES' SOFT SHOES.—"Crumbs of Comfort" for tender feet.

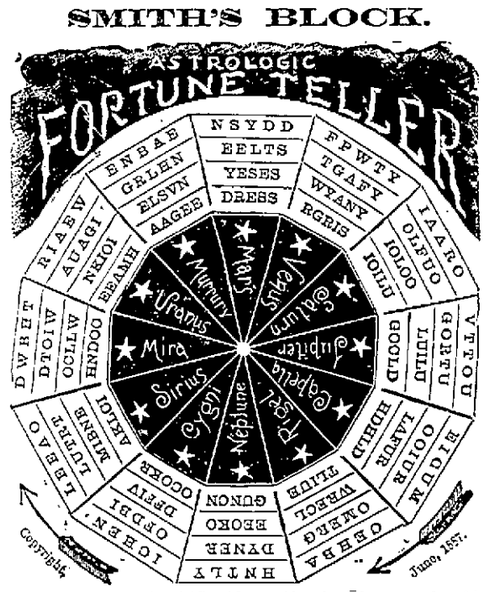
$1.50 $2, $3.

FOR CASH ONLY.

C. COGSWELL & CO.

ZIEGLER'S!

SMITH'S BLOCK.



THE ASTROLOGERS and Wise Men of olden times demonstrated, and later human experience has verified their demonstrations, that the good or ill fortune of every person is confined to one of 12 different degrees, and is strictly governed by the Star that ruled the Fates during the month in which the person was born, as explained below. From this mysterious realm of power has been calculated this marvelous Fortune Teller. Try its predictions.

EXPLANATION.—The inner Circle will predict your Fortune in Business Affairs. The next Circle, in Affairs of Love. The next Circle, your General Future. The outer Circle, in Domestic Affairs.

If your birthday occurs between Jan. 1st and 25th, (inclusive), your Star is Venus; Jan. 26 and Feb. 23, Jupiter; Feb. 24 and March 10, Sirius; March 20 and April 15, Saturn; April 16 and May 21, Mars; May 22 and June 18, Mercury; June 19 and July 27, Capella; July 28 and August 21, Cygni; August 22 and Sept. 20, Uranus; Sept. 21 and Oct. 19, Neptune; Oct. 20 and Nov. 17, Mira; Nov. 17 to Dec. 31, Rigel. To predict your fortune in any business affairs, find the Star under which you were born, then select any letter under that Star and in the Business Circle, (the inner one), and write down the letter; then proceed to select every fifth letter in that Circle, (going in the direction of the arrows) and write the letters in a line. By reading from the proper point in the line, your fortune will be clearly described.

As an example, the following is a prediction, and reads "Rich in Old Age."

CHINOLDAGERI

The most complete stock of

Ready-Made Clothing, Hats, Caps And

GENTS FURNISHING GOODS

In the city. At popular prices.

INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE

At the Insurance and Real Estate office next door to the Rock County National Bank first floor, is represented the old, strong

Leading Insurance Companies!

OF AMERICA AND EUROPE.

They can truthfully be said to be

TIME - TRIED - AND - FIRE - TESTED;

ALSO THE

Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Co.

The best institution of the kind in the world, and the old Travelers Accident Insurance Co., THE LARGEST IN THE WORLD. Thankful for past favors and soliciting a continuance of the same, I am, Very Respectfully,

SILAS HAYNER, Agent.

—THE—

OLDEST INSURANCE HEADQUARTERS

In the city

Opposite Rock Co. National Bank.

NONE BUT THE

BEST - OLD - LINE - COMPANIES - REPRESENTED

MARK RIPLEY, Agent.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

EDWIN F. CARPENTER,
Attorney at Law,
Lappin's Block.
JANESVILLE, - - - WISCONSIN

S. P. HOSKINS,
Fire, Life and Accident Insurance!
REAL ESTATE AND LOAN AGENT.
Notary Public. Conveyancing done. Notes and Mortgages Negotiated. General Collecting Agency. Rents houses, pays taxes, etc. One door east of Telephone office, Smith's block. Money to loan at 8 per cent.
JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN.

NOLAN & CUNNINGHAM,
Attorneys and Counselors,
Room 2, Carpenter Block
JANESVILLE, - - WIS.
julyldawly

OGDEN H. FETHERS,
MALCOLM G. JEFFRIS,
CHARLES L. FIFIELD
Fethers, Jeffris & Fifield,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS,
Over Merchants' and Mechanics' Savings Bank,
JANESVILLE, WIS.

Dr. O. G. BENNETT
DENTIST.
OFFICE in Jeffris' Block over Merchants' & Mechanics' Bank.

THE HOME
Life Insurance Company,
OF NEW YORK.
Cash Assets - - - - $5,860,688.76
Liabilities - - - - 4,270,294.14
Policy Holders Surplus - $1,581,654.62
The Home offers you Life Insurance cheaper and gives you more security, than any one of the 25 largest Life Insurance companies in America.
N. DEARBORN, AGENT.
For Southern Wisconsin, No. 8 Lappin's block, Janesville, Wis. junetldawly

MISS BENEDICT,
Piano and Class Training in Vocal Music
Rooms, Opposite Postoffice.
Pupils for piano received at any time and classified according to grade of advancement. Instruction according to best European methods. Children's Musical Society will hereafter meet at music rooms on Fridays at 4 p. m.

S. H. HAYNER,
Resident Piano Tuner
AND
TEACHER OF VIOLIN AND VIOLA.
Twenty-one years' experience. Best of reference and satisfaction guaranteed. Address or consult at Park Hotel.
Order book at King & Skelley's.

WILSON LANE,
Attorney-at-Law,
OFFICE:
Over Merchants' & Mechanics' Savings Bank Jeffris' Block.
JANESVILLE, - - WISCONSIN
decl6dawly

WILLIAM G. WHEELER,
Attorney-at-Law
OFFICE
Over Merchants' & Mechanics' Savings Bank.
JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN.
may1dawly

C. E. ROWLES,
REAL ESTATE
And Loan Agent.
Does a general brokerage business in the sale of FARMING LAND AND CITY PROPERTY, with due regard for the interests of all patrons. Will NEGOTIATE LOANS at lowest rates, EXAMINE TITLES and make all papers relating to selling, leasing or mortgaging real estate. OFFICE: Room 7, Jackman Block. JANESVILLE, WIS.

THOR. JUDD,
D-E-N-T-I-S-T.
OFFICE—Cor. Milwaukee and Franklin Sts.
RESIDENCE—Corner South Jackson and School Streets. aprSdawly

Dr GEO. H McCAUSEY,
SURGEON DENTIST!
OFFICE in Tallman's block, opposite 1st National bank, West Milwaukee St., Janesville Wisconsin

ARCHITECTS.
Conover & Porter.
Plans and Superintendence Office.
PIONEER BLOCK, - MADISON, WIS.
In Janesville on Saturday.
aprldaly

Real Estate, Insurance
AND LOAN AGENCY
OF
J. G. SAXE,
Is now prepared to buy and sell Farms, Western lands, Houses and Lots and Business Blocks, and will give you better bargains than any in the northwest.
Money Loaned at 6 per Cent. & Conveyancing Done.
Office in Smith's Block, Janesville, Wis.
aprSdawly

Chickering Hall,
(Room 2,) 5th Avenue, N. Y.
"Having witnessed the excellent results of Mr. EDWIN R. LAWTON'S instruction on the piano, I heartily recommend him as an instructor of superior ability, and a gentleman whose excellent qualities should commend him to everyone. FRANKLIN SONNEKALB.
Former pupil of Joseffy, and pianist of Camilla Urso Concert Company.

C. T. PEIRCE,
—DENTIST—
27 West Milwaukee Street
decl5dawly

IF YOU WISH!
To find the store that keeps the best assortment and sell the cheapest, just call at
E. HALL'S.
55 West Milwaukee Street.
where you can find
Dry Goods, Tinware, Crockery, Hats, Glovos, Grain Bags, Carpet Warp, Bird Cages, Men's Clothing, White Shirts, Wooden ware, Ladies' Underwear, Whitewash Brushes.
And Ten Thousand other articles
NEW GOODS DAILY.
Just try a Cash store.
E. HALL

WEAK, NERVOUS PEOPLE

And others suffering with rheumatism, neuralgia, kidney and exhausting chronic diseases, premature decline of vouthful or old are positively cured by Dr. Horne's famous ELECTRO-MAGNETIC BELT.
Thousands of testimonials from every State in the Union have been received. ELECTRICITY instantly felt. Patented and sold 10 years. Whole family can wear the same belt. ELECTRIC SUSPENSORIES for weak men. ELECTRIC TRUSSES FOR RUPTURE, worthless imitations. ELECTRIC TRUSSES FOR RUPTURE. 700 cured in '86. Send stamp for pamphlet.
DR. W. J. HORNE, INVENTOR, 191 WABASH AV., CHICAGO.

THE GAZETTE.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 14.

PUBLISHED BY THE GAZETTE PRINTING COMPANY OF JANESVILLE, WIS., TERMS: DAILY $6.00 PER YEAR, PAYABLE MONTHLY. WEEKLY $1.50 PER YEAR CASH IN ADVANCE.
NICHOLAS SMITH, PRESIDENT.
H. F. BLISS, TREASURER AND MANAGER.
WM. BLADON, SECRETARY.
JOHN G. SPENCER, CITY EDITOR.

OFF FOR HOME.

Mr. Blaine Leaves New York for Augusta.

RECEPTIONS ALONG THE ROUTE.

The Distinguished Traveler Makes Several Speeches, and on Reaching Boston Addresses an Audience of 10,000 People.

BLAINE ON HIS TRAVELS.

NEW YORK, Aug. 14.—At 10:45 o'clock a. m. Mr. Blaine, accompanied by Dr. Borden, of Boston, chairman of the Massachusetts Republican State Committee, and Thomas C. Bates, of Worcester, bade a multitude of friends in the Fifth Avenue Hotel goodbye, and entering a carriage the trio were driven rapidly to the Grand Central depot. Mrs. Blaine, Misses Margaret and Harriet Blaine and Mr. Walker Blaine followed in another carriage. Mr. Blaine on entering the carriage, and frequently along the route to the depot, was cheered by the crowd which had gathered to get a glimpse of the Plumed Knight. The private car of Mr. Clark, president of the New York, New Hampshire & Hartford road was allotted to the Blaine party. It was the last car of the train. The train started at exactly 11 o'clock, amid the cheers of prominent Republicans and other gentlemen who had assembled at the station, Mr. Blaine smiling and bowing his acknowledgments from the rear platform of the car.

BOSTON, Aug. 14.—When the train conveying Mr. Blaine and party ran into Stamford at 11:17 it was greeted with cheers from 2,000 or more men and women gathered there in waiting whose voices in welcome were accompanied by waving of flags and handkerchiefs. A uniformed band played "Hail to the chief," and the salute of a small cannon and some cartridges was heard. Mr. Blaine was escorted to the rear of the observation car by Mr. Pessenden, and introduced to the assemblage. Mr. Blaine said, after returning thanks for the compliment paid him:

"If Connecticut would maintain her great prosperity, if she would maintain her forward position among the industrial and prosperous communities of the United States, she must be up and doing. She must see to it that no harm shall come to the Republic or her by the neglect of the Republican citizens. It is not improbable in the political contest now upon us that the post of honor and responsibility shall rest upon Connecticut. It is not improbable that the Presidential election of 1888 may be settled on the soil of your State. My request is that each and every one of you shall regard the task of carrying Connecticut for Harrison and Morton as imposed upon himself. Believing that you are awake to your duty I shall proceed to Maine and ask her Republicans to show Connecticut the path in which she should walk [applause]. I thank you gentlemen once more and bid you good morning."

At South Norwalk the train scarcely came to a halt, but, in the few moments it stopped, hundreds gathered about it. Mr. Blaine came on the platform and bowed his acknowledgments to the cheers that greeted him, but there was no time for him to make even a brief speech.

At New Haven, where there was another big crowd, Mr. Blaine left the car to speak from a rostrum. At Hartford there was a similar demonstration. Mr. Blaine spoke at each of the places that have been mentioned, urging the people to work for Harrison and Morton. After crossing the Massachusetts line the demonstrations were even larger and more enthusiastic than in Connecticut. At Springfield every body seemed to have turned out.

The culmination of the day's trip was a great gathering in this city. Mr. Blaine was serenaded and responded in a set speech, not long but well considered and vigorously set forth. Cheers and fireworks were abundant, and the damp, raw weather did not seriously modify the enthusiasm.

Upon alighting from the train Mr. Blaine was conducted to an open barouche, and Dr. Burden, chairman of the Massachusetts Republican State Committee, took a seat beside him. The four horses attached were driven slowly along the streets to the Vendome Hotel. Mr. Blaine appeared tired and worn, over and anon stroking his beard. The party arrived at the hotel at 6:35 o'clock. From that hour on to 9 o'clock people gathered until 10,000 were about the hotel balcony. There was band-music, fireworks and cheers. When Mr. Blaine appeared on a balcony with Dr. Burden, Henry C. Lodge and A. W. Beard and others, he was heartily cheered again and again. Mr. Blaine was introduced by Dr. Burden, who said, among other things:

"He comes among us to-night, not with the pomp and display of a General, but as a private soldier in the ranks ready for orders. [Cheers.] But our General, Ben Harrison, [tremendous cheering] will not allow him to remain long as a private soldier in the ranks. [Cheers.] He will issue to him his commission as commander-in-chief of the Republican forces in the field." [Great cheering.]

Mr. Blaine said:

"My voice has been so much worn to-day by much speaking that I doubt if I can be heard to the limit of this great assembly. For all the absence and the feeling of exile that obtains in a man beyond the sea for a year I am compensated over and over again by the magnificent welcome I have received since I reached my native shore. From no town, city or State has this been more grateful than from Boston and the great and leading State of Massachusetts. [Cheers.] Never since the Republican party came into existence, more than a generation ago, at no time, on no issue, under no exigency has Massachusetts failed to respond for right. [Applause.] Never was Massachusetts called on to perform a more important part for a more beneficent end than in this year of grace 1888, in electing Harrison and Morton. [Cheers and cries of 'We can do it and we will.'] What Massachusetts says she can do she will do. [Renewed applause.] Already our opponents have taken the alarm, and the Young Men's Democratic Club of Massachusetts have set themselves the task to prove that you can introduce free trade into the United States without reducing the wages of the American laborer. They are alarmed. [Cries of 'They ought to be.'] President Cleveland is alarmed; the supporters of the Mills bill are alarmed; the Democratic party is alarmed; because they know the mighty power of that host which carns its bread by the sweat of the brow, and that it will resent the attempt to place them on the low basis of the European plane. [Cheers.] We will let the Democratic party know that this is no fight for the manufacturers. They can take care of themselves. [Applause.] But this is a fight for the strong arm and the sturdy heart of the American laborer. [Cries of 'Good!' 'Good!'] If we have free trade the factories will not be closed; but, if kept open, they will run at half the present wages. [Loud applause.] That is the issue which should be pressed home on the Democratic party. They should be arraigned as I arraign them, as conspirators against the welfare of every laboring man. [Cheers.] Let that be the issue and watchword of Republicans and defeat is impossible."

Thanking the great gathering for its reception, Mr. Blaine withdrew. The display of fireworks, which was exceedingly good, was then continued. A large set-piece representing a portrait of Mr. Blaine received loud applause.

The real estate valuation of Boston has increased $15,842,100 and personal property $963,800 during the past year.

Their gentle action and good effect on the system really make them a perfect little pill. They please those who use them. Carter's Little Liver Pills may well be termed "Perfection."

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by F. Sherer & Co.

The chief agent in lengthening life by producing perfect health, is Vinegar Bitters.

CURRENT EVENTS.

Interesting Bits of Information Put in Convenient Shape for the Hurried Readers.

Fire at La Salle, Ill., caused a loss of $15,000; insured.

Two more Irish members of Parliament have sued the London *Times* for libel.

Five persons are yet missing who are supposed to have been burned in the Chattanooga fire.

The National Association of Fire Engineers is holding its sixteenth annual convention at Minneapolis.

Mrs. Brooks, mother of Maxwell, who was hanged at St. Louis, and her daughter left St. Louis for England.

Lincoln Heaton, aged 21, was stabbed and instantly killed by Will Sherman, aged 18, at Brimfield, Ill., Monday. The two were rival butchers.

Samuel A. Noble, the wealthy iron manufacturer, died at Anniston, Ala., Monday. Mr. Noble was the first man to build a furnace south of Mason and Dixon's line.

A favorable report has been made from the Senate Committee on Judiciary on the bill giving Idaho Territory an additional Associate Justice of her Supreme Court.

Captain Atchison's 18-year-old son, while playing ball at Gerlaw, Ill., Saturday was struck on the back of the head by a pitched ball and died from the effects of the blow Sunday night.

Mr. H. N. Walker, of Sterling, Neb., Saturday night shot and seriously wounded his 7-year-old daughter, whom he mistook for a burglar. The little one's condition is critical.

The storm Sunday afternoon did some damage east and west of Pittsburgh by blowing down telegraph poles and wires; barns to the value of $30,000 in Schuylkill County, Pa., were set on fire by lightning and burned.

Breadstuff exports during July past aggregated in value $7,881,794, against $15,759,219 for same month last year, and for the seven months ended July 31 past $87,237,272, against $100,418,048 during the corresponding seven months of 1887.

OHIO CORN CROP.

Splendid Outlook for the Yield in the Miami Valley Counties.

DAYTON, O., Aug. 14.—From carefully compiled tables based on correspondence with nearly all neighborhoods of the ten counties of the Miami valley, the *Journal* estimates that the corn yield in the territory named will be 22,000,000 bushels this year, or quite one-fifth the product of the State. The stand is of even, heavy growth, dark color, abundance of large well-filled ears, and no danger in sight to check curing of the great crop, and early frost alone can injure.

The Immigration Investigation.

NEW YORK, Aug. 14.—The Ford Congressional Committee, which is investigating the character of foreign immigration to this country, held a brief session at Castle Garden. Ernest Behcke, of Stettin, Germany, testified that he arrived here on Saturday last on the Slavonica with seven motherless children. In Germany he held a position as overseer on a farm. Emigration agents in Hamburg induced him to leave and come to America, saying he could do much better here. His brother paid his passage to America which for himself and family was $180. He did not now see how he could get along here with his children. There was no other person examined.

The Indiana Campaign.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Aug. 14.—The Democrats and Republicans will open the campaign in this State at the same time on the same date between the 25th of the present and the 1st of next month. Ex-Senator McDonald is preparing a speech for the Democratic opening. He will deal altogether with the tariff issue. Ex-Governor Porter is engaged on a speech for the Republicans.

Two Brothers Drowned.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Aug. 14.—Amandus and Wilson Heller, brothers, aged 18 and 20 years respectively, while bathing in the Susquehanna river, near Bloomsburg, got beyond their depth and were drowned.

A Convent Burned.

NEW YORK, Aug. 14.—The convent of the Sacred Heart at One Hundred and Twenty-eighth street and St. Nicholas avenue was burned. Loss, $200,000.

The "Dark Secret" Safe.

BOSTON, Aug. 14.—The Bulgaria has arrived and reports sighting the Dark Secret while 1,400 miles out last Friday. Captain Andrews reported all well.

An Iowa Town Scorched.

DES MOINES, Ia., Aug. 14.—Fire at Stanton, Montgomery County, Ia., destroyed nearly half the business part of the town. Loss, $30,000; insurance, $10,000.

Nominated for Congress.

DES MOINES, Ia., Aug. 14.—The Prohibitionists of the Seventh Iowa district nominated Rev. J. A. Nash for Congress.

THE MARKETS.

Grain and Provisions.

CHICAGO, Aug. 13.

FLOUR—Market firm. Winter, $4.25@4.30; Spring, $4.00@4.50; Patents, $4.50@4.75; Rye Flour, $2.90@3.00.

WHEAT—Market weak and lower. No. 2 September delivery, 83½@83c, and December, 83½@83½c.

CORN—Market active and easy. No. 2, 43½@43¾c; No. 2 Yellow, 44½@44¾c; No. 3, 42½@43c; No. 3 Yellow, 44c; September, 43½@43¾c; October, 43@43½c; year, 38⅞@39c; May, 33⅝@33¾c.

OATS—Market quiet and weaker. No. 2 cash, 24½@25c; August delivery, 24½@24⅝c; September, 23¾@24⅛c; year, 25½@25⅝c; sample lots quotable as follows: No. 3, 23@23½c; No. 3 White, 27½@28c; No. 2, 25½@26c, and No. 2 White, 30@30c.

RYE—Market steady. No. 2 cash, 48c; September delivery 47½c; samples of No. 2, 48@49c, and No. 3, 42@44c.

BARLEY—Market firm. No. 2 for September, 65c; sample lots 60@61c for No. 3 and 65@66c for No. 4.

PORK MESS—Market quiet and prices lower. Quotations ranged at $13.25@13.50 for cash; $13.25@13.50 for August; $13.37½@13.60 for September, and $13.37½@13.60 for October.

LARD—Market dull and prices lower. Quotations ranged at $8.00@8.02½ for cash; $8.00@8.05 for August; $8.05@8.70 for September, and $8.02½@8.05 for October.

NEW YORK, Aug. 13.

WHEAT—½@⅝c lower, dull and heavy. No. 1 white, nominal; No. 2 Red August, 90c; September, 92½@93⅞c; October, 93¾@94⅝c; November, 94½@94⅞c; May, 98⅝@99⅜c.

OATS—½@⅝c lower. Western, 40@48c.

PROVISIONS—Beef dull. New Extra, $7.00@7.50. Pork dull; New Mess, $15.25@15.50. Old Mess, $14.25. Lard firm; steam-rendered, $8.00@8.05.

Live Stock.

CHICAGO, Aug. 13.

CATTLE—Market steady. Quotations ranged at $3.00@3.25 for good to choice and extra shipping Steers; $2.60@4.50 for common to good do.; $2.25@3.75 for butchers' Steers; $2.50@3.25 for Stockers; $3.00@3.75 for Feeders; $2.00@3.50 for Texans; $2.25@3.25 for Cows, and $2.00@3.00 for inferior mixed stock and Bulls.

HOGS—Market active and prices 5c higher. Sales ranged at $5.40@5.55 for light; $5.30@5.50 for rough packing, $5.50@5.65 for mixed, and $5.60@5.80 for heavy packing and shipping lots.

A WARNING.

The modes of death's approach are various, and statistics show conclusively that more persons die from diseases of the Throat and Lungs than any other. It is probable that everyone, without exception, receives vast numbers of Tubercle Germs into the system and where these germs fall upon suitable soil they start into life and develop, at first slowly and is shown by a slight tickling sensation in the throat and if allowed to continue their ravages they extend to the lungs producing Consumption and to the head, causing Catarrh. Now all this is dangerous, and if allowed to proceed will in time cause death. At the onset you must act with promptness; allowing a cold to go without attention is dangerous and may lose your own life. As soon as you feel that something is wrong with your Throat, Lungs or Nostrils, obtain a bottle of Boschee's German Syrup. It will give you immediate relief.

—THE GAZETTE IS ONE OF THE LARGES AND BEST DAILIES PUBLISHED INTERSTATE; THE SUBSCRIPTION PRICE IS ONLY 12 CENTS A WEEK DELIVERED TO ANY PART OF THE CITY.

IN CONGRESS.

The Senate Still Discussing the Fisheries Treaty.

EFFORTS MADE TO POSTPONE ACTION.

Senator Hoar Scores Senator George—The Day in the House—Propositions to Increase Pensions—Other Capital Gossip.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 14.—Senator Call (Fla.) made an extended speech in the Senate in favor of the fisheries treaty. He declared that he would not be willing to grant commercial rights in Florida waters to fishing smacks, and he was not willing that Canada should be retaliated against for taking that position. The effect of the retaliation proposed would be to make poor people in the United States pay two prices for the fish they used. He did not acquiesce in that policy, and he regarded the pending treaty as fair and just and proper.

Senator Call was followed by Senator Gray (Del.), who urged the advisability of postponing further consideration of the treaty until a more quiet season, when there was no political excitement. He asserted that the claim of Canada over its bays was as absolute as the claim of Maryland to jurisdiction over Chesapeake bay. These waters are as much a part of the local jurisdiction as the solid ground covered by corn-fields and houses. The pending treaty came to the Senate earmarked with the justice and magnanimity which should belong to a great people. It surrendered nothing and asked nothing which a proud and free people should not ask. If the treaty should be rejected and the annoyances to American fishermen should be renewed the responsibility would fall on those who voted to rejected the treaty.

Senator George (Miss.) read from a Boston paper the report of a meeting of Deep Sea Assembly, K. of L., held at Gloucester, at which resolutions were passed protesting against the fish trust and favoring competition as the only remedy. He asked Senator Hoar (Mass.) if the report of the meeting might be relied on. Senator Hoar said that there were a great many things in that paper that would very much mislead anybody, but it would not publish a narrative of facts which it did not believe to be entirely true. The picture which the assemble of Gloucester Knights of Labor had drawn of the fishermen, the fishery interests and of the laboring men and capitalists of Massachusetts was a slander. There was not a basis of truth in it. As to the lecture read to the Senate by Senator George, he thought it exceeded the limits of comedy and burlesque for that Senator—whose ideas of capital and labor, until within the last twenty-five years, were that capital should own labor and have a right to whip the laborer and separate him from his wife and sell his children—to get up in the Senate and undertake to taunt the people of Massachusetts about shackles and unrequited toil. That Senator's later notions would be found on the records of the Senate in the Copiah and Jackson reports, and his style of mathematics (applied to the counting of votes) would be made known before the close of this session.

Senator George rose to reply, but on motion of Senator Beck (Ky.) the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 14.—In the House Mr. Davidson (Fla.) introduced a joint resolution appropriating $200,000 to aid in suppressing infectious diseases; referred. Bills relating to the District of Columbia were then considered. The Senate bill was passed increasing to $30 a month the rate of pensions for total deafness. Unanimous consent for the immediate consideration of the Dependent Pension bill was asked, but Mr. Walker (Mo.) objected. The Fortification bill was then taken up in committee of the whole. Mr. Townshend (Ill.) raised a point of order against the section providing for a gun factory at Watervliet arsenal. He held that the Appropriations Committee had no jurisdiction, but that the section belonged to the Military Affairs Committee. Members argued for and against the point of order, but pending a decision the committee rose, and the House at 5 o'clock adjourned.

In the earlier part of the session Mr. Lawler (Ill.) introduced in the House a bill making it unlawful for any common carrier to carry or transport any commodity for any shipper in a car or vehicle owned, leased or controlled by such shipper. Mr. Delano (N. Y.) introduced a bill amending the pension laws for those who have lost or may lose a leg or arm, by giving for the loss of a limb below the joint, or the total disability of it, $30 a month; above the joint, $36 a month, and for the loss of a limb at the shoulder or hip, in such a way as to prevent the use of an artificial limb, $45 a month.

THE CHINESE TREATY.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 14.—Four members of the House Committee on Foreign Affairs discussed the bill to give effect to the Chinese treaty, which has already passed the Senate. In the absence of a quorum they did not attempt to take any action upon the measure, but the tone of the discussion showed that all of the members present, without regard to party, favor a speedy report to the House. Mr. Hill, a member of the committee who has heretofore occupied a very conservative position in the matter of anti-Chinese legislation, to-day expressed himself satisfied that the pending bill meets all the present requirements of the situation.

PENSIONS FOR THE LIFE-SAVERS.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 14.—The House Committee on Pensions has agreed to report with favorable recommendation a substitute for Mr. Buchanan's bill to pension members of the life-saving service. The substitute provides that superintendents in the life-saving service who shall lose their lives or become disabled shall be rated for pensions as Captains in the navy; that keepers of life-saving stations shall rank with engineers in the navy, and members of crews shall rank with sailors.

TO PROVIDE FOR A DEFICIENCY.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 14.—The Postmaster-General has recommended an additional appropriation of $602,482 to meet a deficiency for the transportation of mail on the railroads, due, it is stated, to the increase in the volume of mail by reason of the two cent letter postage and the increase of population in the Western and Northwestern States and Territories.

Charles Crocker Dying.

NEW YORK, Aug. 14.—A special from San Francisco to the *World* reports Charles Crocker, the Pacific railroad magnate, as lying at the point of death at Monterey. Three doctors have gone to him on a special train. His ailment is diabetes.

Thousands of Idle Men.

LONDON, Aug. 14.—The Siemens steel works at Landore, near Swansea, have been suddenly closed, and thousands of men have been thrown out of work.

Their Business Boom.

Probably no one thing has caused such a general revival of trade at Frank Sherer & Co's Drug Store as their giving away to their customers so many free trial bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. Their trade is simply enormous in this very valuable article, from the fact that it always cures and never disappoints. Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup, and all throat and lung diseases quickly cured. You can test it before buying by getting a trial bottle free, large size $1. Every bottle warranted.

The Verdict Unanimous

W. D. Suit, Druggist, Bippus, Ind. testifies: "I can recommend Electric Bitters as the very best remedy. Every bottle sold has given relief in every case. One man took six bottles, and was cured of rheumatism of 10 years' standing." Abraham Hare, druggist, Bellville, Ohio, affirms: "The best selling medicine I have ever handled in my 20 years' experience, is Electric Bitters." The record of others have added their testimony, so that the verdict is unanimous that Electric Bitters do cure all diseases of the Liver, Kidneys or Blood. Only a half dollar a bottle at Frank Sherer & Co's.

New Process
OF
CONCRETE WALKS

The undersigned is now prepared to take all contracts offered, and complete all work in a workmanlike manner. This process makes a smooth, durable, hard walk, that can be used immediately. Leave orders at the City Bakery or by postal card.
Respectfully,
J. A. DENNISTON.

FOR MEN ONLY!
A NEW BOOK ON DEBILITY & ATROPHY explains only method to restore strength and development of weak, stunted, undeveloped organs and parts of the body. Also quickest, surest cure for nervous, sexual and general physical debility and decay. The effects of early errors and later excesses, weakness, all leaks and losses, premature decline, etc., CURED "as easy as A, B, C." Every condition of weak, failing manhood fully restored, unless beyond human aid. Man testify from 17 States and Territories and foreign countries. You can write them. Treatment is absolutely unfailing in any climate. Agency not to be sold. Book mailed (sealed) free of charge. Address
ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.
BAKER'S
Breakfast Cocoa.
Warranted absolutely pure Cocoa, from which the excess of Oil has been removed. It has three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, easily digested, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as for persons in health.
Sold by Grocers everywhere.
W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

THE
Gazette.
Steam - Bindery,
IS NOW
Prepared to Do All Classes of Work
On short notice. The bindery makes a specialty of
FINE - WORK
of all kinds of
Ruling and Blank Book
Work done to order.
Law Books, Magazines, Medical Works, Pamphlets
and all kinds of binding in any style desired and at
PRICES TO CORRESPOND
With the quality of work. Call and see us.

This paper is kept on file at the office of
AYER & SON
ADVERTISING AGENTS
TIMES BUILDING Chestnut & 8th Sts PHILADELPHIA.
ESTIMATES For NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING at Lowest Cash Rates FREE
Send 10c. to for AYER & SON'S MANUAL

R. W. Tansill & Co., 55 State St., Chicago. WANT ONE AGT (Merchant only) in Every Town for
TANSILL'S PUNCH 5¢
E. B. HEIMSTREET,
DRUGGIST.
Sole agent at Janesville
jne jan1wly

Refrigerators and Lawn Mowers!
We have just received a large shipment of all sizes of the celebrated

"Alaska,"
DRY AIR
REFRIGERATORS
Warranted to give perfect satisfaction every time. Remember they are charcoal filled, zinc lined and elegantly finished in carved ash and walnut.
Pennsylvania and Quaker City
LAWN MOWERS,
Light draft, durable and easily adjusted; we defy any one to produce their equal. Please call and examine these goods before purchasing as it will save you money. No. 21 and 23 Main street.
LARGE STOCK OF BEST RUBBER HOSE AND HOSE REELS!
AT BOTTOM PRICES.
HANCHETT & SHELDON.

ARMSTRONG BRACE!
ELASTIC SUSPENDER WITHOUT RUBBER
Combining Comfort and Durability.
NO RUBBER USED IN THESE GOODS. NICKEL PLATED BRASS SPRINGS FURNISH THE ELASTICITY.
Ask Your Dealer for Them!
Sent by Mail, Post Paid, on receipt of price, at the following List
A Quality, plain or fy. web, 50 | C Quality, plain or fancy web $1.25
B " " 75 | plain silk web 1.50
B " " 1.00 | fancy " 2.00
C " " 1.25
ARMSTRONG M'F'G CO. 216 Church-st., N. Y. City. 267 Franklin-st., Chicago, Ill.

$1,500 in Cash Prizes FOR THREE BEST ADVERTISEMENTS.
The Chicago Daily News has reduced its price from two cents to One Cent per copy.
For a year past its sales have been over "a-million-a-week," and it believes it now sees the way to safely lead in placing an ideal American daily paper upon the basis of the lowest unit of American coinage—ONE CENT.
To successfully accomplish this end two things are essential:
First—To make as good a newspaper as the best, if not a little better; second—to let every man, woman and child in the Northwest KNOW it's being done, and done at one cent a day. THE DAILY NEWS believes that it is competent to take care of the first named condition, and knows of no better way of meeting the second than by general newspaper advertising. To do the latter most effectively it here solicits the co-operation of all who believe themselves competent to write an effective newspaper advertisement. To induce the best effort in its service in this matter THE DAILY NEWS will reward the writers of the three best advertisements submitted, with three cash prizes, aggregating Fifteen Hundred Dollars, divided as follows:

First Cash Prize—For best advertisement,	$1,000.00
Second Cash Prize—For second best advertisement,	300.00
Third Cash Prize—For third best advertisement,	200.00
Total,	$1,500.00

The advertisement may be a single announcement, or a series of announcements not exceeding six in number. The space required must not exceed that occupied by this advertisement—eight inches deep, six and one-quarter inches wide.
For the general guidance of all who enter the competition, the following ten points are briefly stated as being those which THE DAILY NEWS will require to be most prominently brought out. The advertisement must emphasize:
1—That THE DAILY NEWS is first, last and all the time, a *news*-paper. Because that should be the first and controlling consideration in the production of an American Daily paper,—and it isn't always so. It costs money, enterprise and hard work in unstinted measure to make a genuine *news*-paper.
2—That THE DAILY NEWS is a daily paper for busy people. Because this is a country of busy people, and the North-west is the busiest part of it. Most people haven't the time or patience to read a "blanket-sheet,"—they absolutely haven't any use for it. Newspaper reading, after all, is but an incident of life, not its chief business. Therefore THE DAILY NEWS is a short-and-to-the-point-paper
3—That THE DAILY NEWS is an independent, truth-telling newspaper. Because the American people are intelligent enough to prefer honest, impartial journalism to the misleading, truth-distorting dishonesty of the regulation political "organ." Everybody really wants to know the truth in political matters; the most violent partisan doesn't want misinformation for a daily diet. And as to editorial expression, even the most unreasonable partisan will rarely take lasting offense at an adverse opinion, so long as he is confident of the *honesty of purpose* back of the opinion. It's not the mere fact of disagreement that makes trouble, it's the suspicion of insincerity. [*Make this point very strong and clear. It's because* THE DAILY NEWS *has won it's way to the confidence of its readers of every political faith that it has a circulation of over "a-million-a-week."*]
4—That THE DAILY NEWS is a family paper. Because this is the age of the newspaper,—a time when everybody reads it, and it is all-important that the newspaper should be made with direct reference to the needs of *all* the members of the family. Woman and her interests never occupied so large a share of the world's thoughts as to-day—a fact not to be overlooked. The moral tone and influence of a daily paper must also be constantly watched, for children read it. THE DAILY NEWS is for the home, and therefore it follows
5—That THE DAILY NEWS is against the saloon. Because "the liquor interest" arrogantly assumes to dominate in American politics, and THE DAILY NEWS believes that it is not for the country's good that any one interest should thus over-ride all others, much less one which stands as the representative of all that is most un-American amongst us. THE DAILY NEWS is not the organ of prohibition. It is not sure that prohibition is the best thing. Good people who have made this subject a life-long study do not agree as to the remedy. THE DAILY NEWS has no cutopian hope that it is possible to legislate men into goodness, but it has a very positive conviction that it is entirely practicable, and altogether desirable, to legislate saloon-keepers into their proper place, as being engaged in a traffic which here, as everywhere else in the civilized world, is only tolerated as, apparently, a necessary evil. [*There must be no uncertain sound on this point.*]
6—That THE DAILY NEWS is a happy paper. Because it believes in the practical wisdom of being good natured; of being generally satisfied rather than everlastingly dissatisfied. The chronic fault-finder is a nuisance, and THE DAILY NEWS will have the least possible of him. The world is better than it used to be, and is getting better every day. It's a good place to live in—let's make the best of it.
7—That THE DAILY NEWS costs a great deal of money to make. Because there is sometimes no way of demonstrating the value of a thing, to some people, so conclusively as by showing, even in part, what it costs to make it. There are 300 people on the regular weekly pay-roll of THE DAILY NEWS, and their salaries range from $5,500 to $6,000 per week, aggregating $300,000 a year. The white paper costs another $300,000 a year. The aggregate expenditures of THE DAILY NEWS for 1888 will vary but a trifle either way from $900,000. And yet
8—That THE DAILY NEWS now costs the reader only One Cent a Day. Because this is the most wonderful thing in modern journalism, and deserves telling o'er and o'er. [*There is little danger of making too much of this point.*]
9—That THE DAILY NEWS is now literally everybody's paper. Because heretofore metropolitan daily papers have been too expensive, both in price and in time required to read them, to make it practicable for the farmer or the mechanic to take them. Now this is changed. The farmer particularly should take a daily paper now that it costs but little more than the old-time weekly, and is condensed so that he can also afford the time to read it. He'll save its yearly cost over and over again by knowing the market prices every day, instead of weekly as heretofore.
10—That THE DAILY NEWS now inaugurates a newspaper revolution. Because such a combination of values as it now offers the reader is absolutely without parallel among American newspapers, and if is bound to make the city-boxes rattle. The result of this revolution by that every English reading person living within daily newspaper distance of Chicago can now afford, both as to price and time, to have his city daily.
Other points will suggest themselves to the regular reader of the paper itself, and may be introduced according to the judgment of the advertisement writer. Outline illustrations and poetry may be introduced if desired, but they are not necessarily essential to success in the competition. The prizes will be awarded to the three most successful advertisements, the publisher of THE DAILY NEWS being the sole judge, whatever may be the absolute grade of their merit. All advertisements must be received before September 1st next, and the awards will be made at the earliest date practicable thereafter. Intending competitors must apply for the paper's complete prospectus, and advertisements must be submitted under the conditions therein named in detail.
VICTOR F. LAWSON, Publisher The Daily News, Chicago.

THE HOSE!
HOSE REELS AND LAWN SPRINKLERS
The Largest Stock in the city at
Mills Bros,
RIVER STREET.

MILLINERY!
CHEAP FOR THIRTY DAYS
The Finest stock of
Millinery Goods,
In the city may be found at
MRS. SADLER'S,
22 MAIN STREET.
Trimmed Hats from $1 00 up.
All kinds of Hair Goods, cheap.
Children's hats a specialty.
Call and see goods.

Taking Advantage.
Our patrons generally, and our country customers particularly, are taking big advantage of the "Special Inducement Prices" we've been advertising during the past two weeks. And they're wise!
Here are some new arrivals.
40-inch All-Wool Henriettas, in the prevailing fall shades - - - 50c
42-inch Epingle Henriettas every fall color, - - - $1.00
40 inch and 46-inch Silk Finish Henriettas in green (all shades from bottle to emerald), gobelin, peacock and other blues, browns, wine, olive, reds, tans, greys, etc. - 75c, $1.00
We've still some dress lengths left of the following Radically Reduced goods:
38-inch English Cashmeres, in all desirable colors. Clearing Sale Price - - 25c
38-inch Fancy Plaids. Former figures 40

POST OFFICE.

The closing of mails from February 20, 1888 until further notice will be as follows:

Milwaukee, Milton, Whitewater, Palmyra, Monroe, Brodhead, Beloit and Rockford, Illinois..... 9:30 a. m.

Milwaukee and way, Chicago and Cedar Rapids—(west of De Kalb, Ill.)..... 11:00 a. m.

Chicago and Eastern, Racine and Rock Island—east, Chicago and Rock Island—west, Chicago and Winona via. Madison..... 12:00 m.

Northern..... 1:00 p. m.

Chicago and Eastern via. Afton..... 2:10 p. m.

Milwaukee and Prairie du Chien—west, (Northern Iowa, Minnesota and Dakota, Milton, Leyden, Center and Fellows..... 4:00 p. m.

Milwaukee and Mineral Point via. Monroe and Darlington..... 5:30 p. m.

Beloit..... 5:30 p. m.

Chicago and Wis'ns, via. Madison 8:00 p. m.

Chicago and Eastern..... 8:00 p. m.

Chicago and La Crosse—(East and west of Watertown)..... 8:00 p. m.

OVERLAND.

Emerald Grove and Fairfield ..... 2:00 p. m.

Johnstown and Richmond..... 3:00 p. m.

The collection of mail by carriers will be made at the hours designated upon the card attached to each mail box.

MONEY ORDER DEPARTMENT.

The attention of the public is called and recommended to the use of the Money Order system as a prompt, cheap and safe method of transmitting small sums of money. The fees for Money Orders are as follows

Orders not exceeding $5, five cents.

Orders exceeding $5 and not exceeding $10, 8 cents.

Orders exceeding $10 and not exceeding $15, 10 cents.

Orders exceeding $15 and not exceeding $30, 25 cents.

Orders exceeding $30 and not exceeding $40, 30 cents.

Orders exceeding $40 and not exceeding $50, 25 cents.

Orders exceeding $50 and not exceeding $60, 30 cents.

Orders exceeding $60 and not exceeding $70, 35 cents.

Orders exceeding $70 and not exceeding $80, 40 cents.

Orders exceeding $80 and not exceeding $100, 45 cents.

OFFICE HOURS.

For delivery of mail, etc., from 8 a. m. to 8 p. m.

Money Order department, from 8 a. m. to 8 p. m.

On Sunday for delivery of mail, from 12 to 1 p. m.

CLARENCE L. CLARK, P. M.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE

—OF THE—

Chicago & Northwestern.

Trains at Janesville Station.

DEPART.

For Chicago*.....	9:25 A M
For Chicago.....	7:40 A M
For Chicago, Clinton and Sharon (dining car breakfast*.....	9:15 A M
For Chicago.....	12:30 P M
For Chicago, Beloit and Rockford*....	2:30 P M
For Madison and Winona.....	12:30 P M
For Evansville, Madison and St. Paul and Winona (new line)*.....	2:00 A M
For Madison and St Paul.....	8:45 P M
For Beloit and Caledonia.....	9:20 A M
For Beloit.....	8:40 A M
For Beloit, Belvidere, Sycamore, De Kalb, Cedar Rapids, Omaha, Rockford.....	12:05 P M
For Beloit and Rockford.....	7:05 P M
For Watertown, Oshkosh and Green Bay.....	1:20 P M
For Watertown, Oshkosh and Green Bay.....	9:35
For Watertown, Fond du Lac and points north.....	9:15 A M
For Milwaukee and Waukesha.....	1:20 P M

ARRIVE.

From Milwaukee and Waukesha.....	9:10 P M
From Chicago*.....	2:00 A M
From Chicago, Sharon and Clinton*...	8:10 P M
From Beloit and Chicago*.....	1:15 P M
From Chicago.....	8:00 P M
From Beloit and Rockford.....	8:30 A M
From Beloit, Rockford, Belvidere and DeKalb.....	7:20 P M
From Beloit and Caledonia.....	9:40 P M
From Green Bay, Oshkosh and Watertown.....	12:01 P M
From Green Bay, Oshkosh and Watertown.....	6:05 A M
From Madison and Winona.....	3:15 P M
From Madison and St Paul.....	9:15 A M
From Madison, Evansville and St. Paul and Winona (new line).....	8:25 A M
From Watertown, Fond du Lac and points north.....	9:10 P M

*Daily.

†Daily except Monday.

All other trains daily except Sunday.

O. A. POTTER, Agent, Janesville, Wis.

M. HUGHITT, Gen'l Supt.

H. P. WILSON, General Passenger Agent.

Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul.

TRAINS LEAVE.

For Mineral Point.....	9:30 A M
For Milwaukee.....	5:15 P M
For Milwaukee and Chicago.....	9:25 A M 12:05 P M
For Madison and Portage.....	9:25 A M
For Madison, Prairie du Chien and West.....	5:20 P M
For Chicago, Beloit, Rockford and Rock Island.....	9:25 A M
For Chicago, Council Bluffs and West.	12:05 P M
For Beloit and Rockford.....	9:25 P M
For Monroe, Mineral Point, Platteville and Shullsburg(mail)..	9:30 A M
For Platteville and Shullsburg(mail)..	5:25 P M
For Monroe (freight and passenger).	10:15 P M

TRAINS ARRIVE.

From Milwaukee.....	9:20 A M
From Milwaukee and Chicago.....	9:20 P M 8:50 P M
From St. Paul, Madison and Portage.....	9:13 A M 1:45 P M
From Chicago, Rockford and Beloit.	2:50 P M
From Rock Island, St. Louis & West.	8:50 A M
From Chicago, Council Bluffs and West.....	5:15 P M
From Platteville, Mineral Point, Darlington and Monroe.....	9 00 A M
From Mineral Point & Monroe.....	5 10 P M
From Monroe (freight and passenger).....	8:10 P M

H. R. JOHNSON, Agent.

A. V. H. CARPENTER, Gen. Pass. Agt.

THE CHICAGO AND

NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

Penetrates the Centres of Population in

ILLINOIS, IOWA, WISCONSIN, MICHIGAN, MINNESOTA, DAKOTA, NEBRASKA AND WYOMING.

Its TRAIN SERVICE is carefully arranged to meet requirements of local travel, as well as to furnish the most attractive Routes for through travel between important

TRADE CENTRES.

Its EQUIPMENT of Day and Parlor Cars, Dinning and Palace Sleeping Cars is without rival.

Its ROAD-BED is perfection, of stone-ballasted Steel.

The NORTH-WESTERN is the favorite route for the Commercial Traveler, the Tourist and the Seekers after New Homes in the Golden Northwest.

Detailed information cheerfully furnished by

C. A. POTTER, Agent, Janesville, Wis.

J. M. WHITMAN, General Manager.

H. C. WICKER, Traffic Manager.

P. S. EUSTIS, General Passenger Agent.

THE CHICAGO MILWAUKEE AND ST. PAUL RAILWAY CO.

FAST MAIL LINE with Vestibuled Trains between Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul and Minneapolis.

TRANS-CONTINENTAL ROUTE between Chicago, Council Bluffs, Omaha and the Pacific Coast.

GREAT NATIONAL ROUTE between Chicago, Kansas City, and St. Joseph, Mo.

5700 *MILES OF ROAD*, reaching all principal points in Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, Minnesota, Iowa Missouri and Dakota.

For maps, time tables, rates of passage and freight, etc., apply to the nearest station agent of the CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL RAILWAY, or to any railroad agent anywhere in the World.

ROSWELL MILLER, General Manager. A. V. H. CARPENTER, Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agt.

☞ For information in reference to Lands and Homes owned by the CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL RAILWAY COMPANY, write to H. G. HADDAN Land Commissioner, MILWAUKEE Wisconsin.

OH! MY HEAD

The pain from Neuralgia and its companion disease Rheumatism is excruciating. Thousands who could be quickly cured are needlessly suffering. Ath-lo-phe-ros will do for others what it did for the following parties:

Williamsport, Ind., Oct. 5, 1887.

Having been afflicted with neuralgia for the past four years, and trying almost everything, but in vain, I finally heard of Athlophoros. After taking one bottle I found it to be helping me, and after taking four bottles of Athlophoros and one of Pills, I found that I was entirely well. I think the medicine is positively a sure cure.

CHANCEY B. REDDICK.

Mt. Carmel, Ill., Dec 26, 1887.

I have used Athlophoros in my family and find it to be the greatest medicine for neuralgia in existence and having had its fangs fastened upon me for the past 20 years I know whereof I speak.

MRS. JULIA CHRISTIAN.

☞ Send 6 cents for the beautiful colored picture, "Moorish Maiden."

THE ATHLOPHOROS CO. 112 Wall St. N Y

A Frightful Skin Disease.

Sufferings Intense. Head Nearly Raw. Body Covered with Sores. Cured by Cuticura Remedies.

MESSRS. STEVENS & BITNER, Monroe, N. C.

DEAR SIRS: About two months ago, on your recommendation, I bought a bottle of Cuticura Resolvent, one box Cuticura Salve, and one cake of Cuticura Soap, for my son, aged thirteen years, who has been afflicted with eczema from a long time, and I am pleased to say I believe the remedies have cured him. His sufferings were intense, his head being nearly raw, his ears being gone except the gristle, and his body was covered with sores. His condition was frightful to behold. The sores have now all disappeared, his skin is healthy, eyes bright, cheerful in disposition, and is working every day. My neighbors are witnesses to this remarkable cure, and the doubting ones are requested to call or write me, or any of my neighborn.

WM. S. STEPHENSON.

Winchester P. O., Union Co., N. C.

MONROE, N. C. Oct. 29, 1887.

The Potter Drug and Chemical Co.:

GENTLEMEN,—Mr. W. S. Stephenson of this county brought his son to town to-day, to let us see him. This is the case referred to in our letter to you some time ago. To look at the boy now, one would suppose that there had never been anything the matter with him—seems to be in perfect health. We have written and herewith inclose what his father has to say about the matter,—wrote it just as he dictated.

We are selling quite a quantity of Cuticura Remedies and hear nothing but praises for them. We regard the Cuticura Remedies the best in the market, and shall do all in my power to promote their sale.

Yours truly,

STEVENS & BITNER,

Druggists and Pharmacists.

Cuticura, the great skin cure, and Cuticura Soap, an exquisite Skin Beautifier, internally, are positive cure for every form of Skin and Blood diseases, from pimples to Scrofula.

Sold everywhere. Price, Cuticura, 50; Soap, 25c.; Resolvent, $1. Prepared by the Potter Drug and Chemical Co., Boston, Mass.

☞ Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 50 illustrations and 100 testimonials.

PIMPLES, black heads, red, rough, chapped and oily skin prevented by Cuticura Soap.

Sneezing Catarrh

The distressing sneeze, snuff, snort, snore, the acrid, watery discharges from the eyes and nose, the painful inflammation extending to the throat, the swelling of the mucous lining, causing choking sensations, cough, ringing noises in the head and splitting headache—how familiar these symptoms are to thousands who suffer periodically from head colds or influenza, and who live in ignorance of the fact that a single application of Sanford's Radical Cure for Catarrh will afford *instantaneous Relief*.

But this treatment in cases of simple Catarrh gives but a faint idea of what this remedy will do in the chronic forms, where the breathing is obstructed by choking, putrid mucous accumulations, the hearing affected, smell and taste gone, throat ulcers, eating into destroying cough gradually fastening itself upon the debilitated system. Then it is that the marvelous curative power of Sanford's Radical Cure manifests itself in instantaneous and grateful relief. Cure begins from the first application. It is rapid, radical, permanent, economical, safe.

Sanford's Radical Cure consists of one bottle of the Radical Cure, one box of Catarrhal Solvent, and one Improved Inhaler, all wrapped in one package, with treatise and directions, and sold by all druggists for $1.00.

POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., BOSTON.

Pains and Weaknesses

OF FEMALES.

Instantly relieved by the Cuticura Anti-Plaster, a new, most agreeable, instantaneous and infallible pain-killing plaster, especially adapted to relieve Female Pains and Weaknesses. Warranted vastly superior to all other plasters, and the most perfect antidote to pain, inflammation and weakness yet compounded. At all druggists, 25 cents; five for $1.00; or, postage free, of Potter Drug and Chemical Co., Boston, Mass.

CATARRH

ELY'S

CREAM BALM

Cleanses the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation, Heals the Senses of Taste and Smell.

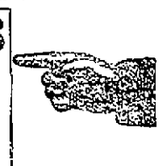
HAY-FEVER Try the Cure.

A particle is applied into the nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists, by mail registered, 60 cts.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St. New York.

jan10deodwly

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.



CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE

CAMPAIGN GOODS

Our new CATALOGUE OF CAMPAIGN OUTFITS, with construction, drill tactics and full information about organizing and drilling Marching Clubs. ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE FREE.

A. G. SPALDING & BROS., 108 Madison St., (241 Broadway, CHICAGO. NEW YORK.

WANTED

Men to travel on salary for the FOX HILL NURSERIES OF CANADA. $50 to $100 a month and expenses paid to sell our Canadian Grown Stock, previous experience not essential. Our stock sells well and gives better satisfaction than any other on the market. Address

STONE & WELLINGTON, Madison, - - - Wisconsin.

CITY TAXES.

CITY TREASURER'S OFFICE.

Notice is hereby given that the annual warrant for the collection of the City Taxes for the year of 1888, is now in my hands, and that I will receive said taxes at my office, in the city hall until the 1st day of September next, after which I shall proceed to collect the same as the law directs.

M. MURPHY

Treasurer of the city of Janesville.

Dated, August 7th, 1888.

THE GAZETTE.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 14.

THE ELDER SON.

Sermon by Rev. T. De Witt Talmage, D. D.

The Senior Brother in the Parable of the Prodigal Son—Of Whom He Is a Type—Two Kinds of Higher Life Men.

Dr. Talmage took as the text for his recent sermon a portion of the twenty-eighth verse of the fifteenth chapter of Luke: "And he was angry and would not go in." The preacher said:

Is the elder son of the parable so unsympathetic and so cold that he is not worthy of recognition? The fact is that we ministers pursue the younger son. You can hear the flapping of his rags in many a sermonic breeze, and the crunching of the pods for which he was an unsuccessful contestant. I confess that for a long time I was unable to train the camera obscura upon the elder son of the parable. I never could get a negative for a photograph. There was not enough light in the gallery, or the chemicals were poor, or the sitter moved in the picture. But now I think I have him. Not a side face, or a three-quarters, or the mere bust, but a full length portrait as he appears to me. The father in the parable of the prodigal had nothing to brag of in his two sons. The one was a rake and the other a churl. I find nothing admirable in the dissoluteness of the one and I find nothing attractive in the acrid sobriety of the other. The one goes down over the larboard side and the other goes down over the starboard side, but they both go down.

From the window of the old homestead hare's the minstrelsy. The floor quakes with the feet of the rustics,' whose dance is always vigorous and resounding. The neighbors have heard of the return of the younger son from his wanderings, and they have gathered together. The house is full of congratulators. I suppose the tables are loaded with luxuries. Not only the one kind of meat mentioned, but its concomitants. "Clap!" go the cymbals, "thrum!" go the harps, "click!" go the castanets, up and down go the feet inside, while outside is a most sorry spectacle.

The senior son stands at the corner of the house, a frigid phlegmatic. He has just come from the fields in a very substantial apparel. Seeing some wild exhilarations around the old mansion, he asks of a servant passing by with a goat-skin of wine on his shoulder what all the fuss is about. 'One would have thought that, on hearing that his younger brother had got back,' he would have gone into the house and rejoiced, and if he were not conscientiously opposed to dancing, that he would have joined in the oriental schottische. No. There he stands. His brow lowers. His lip curls with contempt. He stamps the ground with indignation. He sees nothing at all to attract. The odors of the feast coming out on the air do not sharpen his appetite. The lively music does not put any spring into his step. He is in a terrible pout. He criticises the expense, the injustice and the morals of the entertainment.

The father rushes out bareheaded and coaxes him to come in. He will not go in. He scolds the father. He goes into a passionate against the younger brother, and he makes the most unseemly scene. He says: "Father, you put a premium on vagabondism. I stayed at home and worked on the farm. You never made a party for me; you didn't so much as kill a kid; that wouldn't have cost half as much as a calf; but the scapegrace went off in fine clothes and he comes back not fit to be seen, and what a time you make over him. He breaks your heart and you pay him for it. The calf to which we have been giving extra feed during all these weeks wouldn't be so fat and sleek if I had known to what use you were going to put it! That vagabond deserves to be cowhided instead of banqueted. Veal is too good for him!"

That evening, while the younger son sat telling his father about his adventures, and asking about what had occurred on the place since his departure, the senior brother goes to bed disgusted and slams the door after him. That senior brother still lives. You can see him any Sunday, any day of the week. At a meeting of ministers in Germany some one asked the question: "Who is that elder son?" and Krummacher answered: "I know him; I saw him yesterday." And when they insisted upon knowing whom he meant, he said: "Myself; when I saw the account of the conversion of a most obnoxious man, I was irritated."

First, this senior brother of the text stands for the self-congratulatory, self-satisfied, self-worshipful man. With the same breath in which he vituperates against his younger brother he utters a panegyric for himself. The self-righteous man of my text, like every other self-righteous man, was full of faults. He was an ingrate, for he did not appreciate the home blessings which he had all those years. He was disobedient, for when the father told him to come in he stayed out. He was a liar, for he said that the repentant son had devoured his father's living, when the father, so far from being reduced to penury, had a homestead left, had instruments of music, had jewels, had a mansion, and, instead of being a pauper, was a prince. The senior brother, with so many faults of his own, was merciless in his criticism of the younger brother.

The only perfect people that I have ever known were utterly obnoxious. I was never so badly cheated in all my life as by a perfect man. He got so far up in his devotions that he was clear up above all the rules of common honesty. These men that go about prowling among prayer meetings and in places of business, telling how good they are, look out for them; keep your hand on your pocket-book! I have noticed that just in proportion that a man gets good he gets humble. The deep Mississippi does not make as much noise as the brawling mountain rivulet. There has been many a store that had more goods in the show window than inside on the shelves.

This self-righteous man of the text stood at the corner of the house hugging himself in admiration. We hear a great deal in our day about the higher life. Now, there are two kinds of higher-life men. The one are admirable, and the other are most repulsive. The one kind of higher-life man is very lenient in his criticism of others, does not bore prayer meetings to death with long harangues, does not talk a great deal about himself, but much about Christ and Heaven, gets kindlier and more gentle and more useful, until one day his soul spreads a wing and he flies away to eternal rest, and every body mourns his departure. The other higher-life man goes around with a Bible conspicuously under his arm, goes from church to church, a sort of general evangelist, is a nuisance to his own pastor when he is at home, and a nuisance to other pastors when he is away from home; runs up to some man who is counting out a roll of bank bills, or running up a difficult line of figures, and asks him how his soul is; makes religion a dose of spermaceti; standing in a religious meeting making an address, he has a patronizing way, as though ordinary Christians were clear away down below him, so he had to talk at the top of his voice in order to make them hear, but at the same time encouraging them to hope on; that by climbing many years they may after awhile come up within sight of the place where he now stands.

I tell you plainly that a roaring, roistering, bouncing sinner is not so repulsive to me as a higher life malformation. The former may repent; the latter never gets over his pharisaism. The youngest brother of the parable came back, but the senior brother stands outside entirely oblivious of his own delinquencies and deficits, pronouncing his own eulogium. Oh, how much easier it is to blame others than to blame ourselves! Adam blamed Eve, Eve blamed the serpent, the serpent blamed the devil, the senior brother blamed the younger, and none of them blamed themselves.

Again, the senior brother of my text stands for all those who are faithless about the reformation of the dissipated and the dissolute. In the very tones of his voice you can hear the fact that he has no faith that the reformation of the younger son is genuine. His entire manner seems to say: "That boy has come back for more money. He got a third of the property; now he has come back for another third. He will never be contented to stay on the farm. He will fall away. I would go in, too, and rejoice with the others if I thought this thing was genuine; but it is a sham. That boy is a confirmed inebriate and debauchee."

Alas! my friends, for the incredulity in the church of Christ in regard to the reclamation of the recreant! You say a man has been a strong drinker. I say: "Yes; but he has reformed." "Oh!" you say, with a lugubrious face, "I hope you are not mistaken." You say: "Don't rejoice too much over his conversion, for soon he will be unconverted, I fear. Don't make too big a party for that returned prodigal, or startle the timbrel too loud; and if you kill a calf, kill the one that is on the commons, and not the one that has been luxuriating in the paddock." That is the reason why more prodigals do not come home to their father's house. It is the rank infidelity in the church of God on this subject.

There is not a house on the streets of Heaven that has not in it a prodigal that has returned and strayed home. There could be unrolled before you a scroll of a hundred thousand names—the names of prodigals who came back forever reformed. Who was John Bunyan? A returned prodigal. Who was George Whitefield, the thunderer? A returned prodigal. And I could go out in all directions in this audience and find on either side those who, once far astray for many years, have been faithful, and their eternal salvation is as sure as though they had been ten years in Heaven. And yet some of you have not enough faith in their return.

You do not know how to shake hands with a prodigal. You do not know how to pray for him. You do not know how to greet him. He wants to sail in the warm gulf stream of Christian sympathy. You are the iceberg against which he strikes and shivers. You say he has been a prodigal. I know it. But you are the sour, unresponsive, censorious, saturnine, cranky, elder brother, and if you are going to Heaven one would think some people would be tempted to go to perdition to get away from you. The hunters say that if a deer be shot the other deer shove him out of their company, and the general rule is, away with the man who has been wounded with sin. Now, I say, the more bones a man has broken the more need he has of a hospital, and that the more a man has been bruised and cut with sin the more need he has to be carried into human and divine sympathy. But for such men there is not much room in this world—the men who want to come back after wandering.

Plenty of room for elegant sinners—sinners in velvet, and satin, and lace—for sinners high salaried, for kid-gloved and patent-leather sinners; for sinners fixed up by hair dresser, pomatumed, and lavendered, and cologned, and frizzled, and crimped, and "banged" sinners—plenty of room. Such we meet elegantly at the doors of our churches, and we invite them into our best seats with Chesterfieldian gallantries; we usher them into the house of God and put soft ottomans under their feet and put a gilt-edged prayer book in their hand, and pass the contribution box before them with an air of apology, while they, the generous souls, take out the exquisite portmonnaie, and open it, and with diamond finger push down beyond the ten dollar gold pieces and delicately pick out as an expression of gratitude their offering to the Lord, of one cent. For such sinners plenty of room, plenty of room.

But for the man who has been drinking until his coat is threadbare and his face is erysipelased, and his wife's wedding dress is in the pawnbroker's shop, and his children, instead of being in school, are out begging broken bread at the basement doors of the city—the man, body, mind and soul on fire with the flames that have leaped from the seething, searching, blasting, consuming cup which the drunkard tastes, trembling and agonized, and affrighted, and presses to his parched lip, and his cracked tongue, and his shrieking yet immortal spirit—no room.

Oh, if this younger son of the parable had not gone so far off, if he had not dropped so low in wassail the protest would not have been so severe; but going clear over the precipice as the younger son did, the elder son is angry and will not go in.

Oh, be not so hard in your criticism of the fallen, lest thou thyself also be tempted. A stranger one Sunday staggered up and down the aisles of my church, disturbing the service until the service had to stop until he was taken from the room. He was a minister of the Gospel of Jesus Christ of a sister denomination! That man had preached the Gospel, that man had broken the bread of the holy communion for the people. From what a height to what a depth! Oh, I was glad there was no smiling in the room when that man was taken out, his poor wife following him with his hat in her hand and his coat on her arm. It was as solemn to me as two funerals—the funeral of the body and the funeral of the soul. Beware lest thou also be tempted.

An invalid went to South America for his health, and one day sat sunning himself on the bench, when he saw something crawling up the bench, wriggling toward him, and he was affrighted. He thought it was a wild beast or a reptile, and he took his pistol from his pocket. Then he saw it was not a wild beast. It was a man, an immortal man, a man made in God's image; and the poor wretch crawled up to the feet of the invalid and asked for strong drink. The invalid took his wine flask from his pocket and gave the poor wretch something to drink, and under the stimulus he rose up and gave his history. He had been a merchant in Glasgow, Scotland. He had gone down under the power of strong drink until he was so reduced in poverty that he was living in a boat just off the bench. "Why," said the invalid, "I knew a merchant in Glasgow once," a merchant by such and such a name, and the poor wretch straightened himself and said: "I am that man." "Let him that thinketh he standeth take heed lest he fall."

Again, I remark that the senior brother of my text stands for the spirit of envy and jealousy. The senior brother thought that all the honor they did to the returned brother was a wrong to him. He said: "I have staid at home, and I ought to have had the ring, and I ought to have had the banquet, and I ought to have had the garlands." Alas for this spirit of envy and jealousy coming down through the ages! Cain and Abel, Esau and Jacob, Saul and David, Haman and Mordecai, Othello and Iago, Orlando and Angelica, Cabigula and Torquatus, Cæsar and Pompey, Columbus and the Spanish courtiers, Carnbyses and the brother he slew because he was a better marksman. Dionysius and Philoxenius, whom he slew because he was a better singer. Jealousy among painters. Closterman and Godfrey Kneller, Hudson and Reynolds. Francia, anxious to see a picture of Raphael, Raphael sends him a picture. Francia, seeing it, falls in a fit of jealousy from which he dies. Jealousy among authors. How seldom contemporaries speak of each other. Xenophon and Plato living at the same time, but from their writings you never would suppose they heard of each other. Religious jealousies. The Mahommedans praying for rain during drought, no rain coming. Then the Christians begin to pray for rain, and the rain comes. Then the Mahommedans met together to account for this, and they resolved that God was so well pleased with their prayers He kept the drought on so as to keep them praying; but that the Christians began to pray, and the Lord was so disgusted with their prayers that He sent rain right away so as He would not hear any more of their supplications. Oh, this accursed spirit of jealousy! Let us stamp it out from all our hearts.

A wrestler was so envious of Theogenes, the prince of wrestlers, that he could not be consoled in any way; and after Theogenes died and a statue was lifted to him in a public place, his envious antagonist went out and wrestled with the statue until one night he threw it, and it fell on him and crushed him to death. So jealousy is not only absurd, it is killing to the soul. How seldom it is you will find one merchant speaking well of a merchant in the same line of business. How seldom it is you hear of a physician speaking well of a physician on the same block. Oh, my friends, the world is large enough for all of us. Let us rejoice at the success of others. The next best thing to owning a garden ourselves is to look over the fence and admire the flowers. The next best thing to riding in a fine equipage is to stand on the street and admire the prancing span. The next best thing to having a banquet given to ourselves is having a banquet given to our prodigal brother that has come home to his father's house.

Besides that, if we do not get as much honor and as much attention as others, we ought to congratulate ourselves on what we escape in the way of assault. The French General, riding on horseback at the head of his troops, heard a soldier complain and say: "It is very easy for the General to command us forward while he rides and we walk." Then the General dismounted and compelled the complaining soldier to get on the horse. Coming through a ravine, a bullet from a sharpshooter struck the rider and he fell dead. Then the General said: "How much safer it is to walk than to ride!"

Once more I have to tell you that this senior brother of my text stands for the pouting Christian. While there is so much congratulation within doors, the hero of my text stands outside, the corners of his mouth drawn down, looking as he felt—miserable. I am glad his lugubrious physiognomy did not spoil the festivity within. How many pouting Christians there are in our day—Christians who do not like the music of our churches. Christians who do not like the hilarities of the young—pouting, pouting, pouting at society, pouting at the fashions, pouting at the newspapers, pouting at the church, pouting at the Government, pouting at the high Heaven. Their spleen is too large, their liver does not work, their digestion is broken down, there are two cruets in their caster always sure to be well supplied—vinegar and red pepper! Oh, come away from that mood. Put saccharine into your disposition. While you avoid the dissoluteness of the younger son, avoid also the irascibility and the petulence and the pouting spirit of the elder son, and imitate the father, who had embraces for the returning prodigal and coaxing words for the splenetic malcontent.

Ah! the face of this pouting elder son is put before us in order that we might better see the radiant and forgiving face of the father. Contrasts are mighty. The artist in sketching the field of Waterloo, years after the battle, put a dove in the mouth of the cannon. Raphael in one of his cartoons, besides the face of a wretch, put the face of a happy and innocent child. And so the sour face of this irascible and disgusted elder brother is brought out in order that in the contrast we may better understand the forgiving and the radiant face of God. That is the meaning of it—that God is ready to take back any body that is sorry, to take him clear back, to take him back forever, and forever, and forever, to take him back with a loving hug, to put a kiss on his parched lip, a ring on his bloated hand, an easy shoe on his chafed foot, a garland on his bleeding temples, and Heaven in his soul. Oh, I fall flat on that mercy! Come, my brother, and let us get down into the dust, resolved never to rise until the Father's forgiving hand shall lift us.

Oh, what a God we have! Bring your doxologies. Come, earth and Heaven, and join in the worship. Cry aloud. Lift the palm branches. Do you not feel the Father's arm around your neck? Do you not feel the warm breath of your father against your cheek? Surrender, younger son! Surrender, elder son! Surrender, all! Oh, go in to-day and sit down at the banquet. Take a slice of the fatted calf, and afterward, when you are seated, with one hand in the hand of the returned brother, and the other hand in the hand of the rejoicing father, let your heart beat time to the clapping of the cymbal and the mellow voice of the flute. "It is meet that we should make merry, and be glad; for this thy brother was dead and is alive again; and was lost and is found."

MAY it not oftentimes be that, in the great work of character building, the days we think the most unprofitable are those that have yielded the greatest results? To contend with difficulties, and meet on every side that which tries and puts us on our guard, may add more to our stock of attainment than to move along smoothly in ways that seem to us most prosperous. —*United Presbyterian.*

NOTHING wins love like unselfish thoughtfulness for others. He who thinks nothing of himself in his intercourse with his fellows, is surest to make his fellows think of him with gratitude, when they are with him, and when they are away from him. There is no way of winning a place in the hearts of all like losing all thought of one's self or of one's claim on the love of any.—*S. S. Times.*

The Chinese Will Come.

COLUMBUS, O., Aug. 14.—Allen W. Thurman, son of the Democratic candidate for Vice-President, who has just returned from a trip to the Pacific coast, in an interview with a United Press representative said he was very much pleased with the political situation as he found it in the Western States. In California the Chinese question is the leading one there. The present Restriction law does not prevent immigration of the Chinese. Fully 1,800 have got into California in the last month.

A Brewers' Trust.

NEW YORK, Aug. 14.—President Darling, of the Murray Hill Bank, admits that Henry Clausen, Conrad N. Jordan and himself are directors of a new company which is being organized in London to carry on the brewing business in this country on a grand scale. This is all that can be learned in this city concerning the rumored brewing trust.

BOSTON, Aug. 14.—Leading brewers deny the report that an English syndicate has bought four Boston breweries.

Beat the Record.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Aug. 14.—A letter from the steam whaler Orca reports that after sixty-five days in the ice she reached Port Barrow July 4, the earliest date on which a whaler ever reached there. No ice had been seen there for seven months, a remarkable fact, due to a prolonged northern wind. Twenty-four whales had been taken.

A Fatal Fall.

QUINCY, Ill., Aug. 14.—James Purvis, aged 20, fell from a third-story balcony in the rear of the *Herald* building some time during Sunday morning. He was alone at the time, and when found his bloated body was hanging to a fence by the heels, his head downward. He had struck the fence in his fall, breaking his neck and killing him instantly.

A Furious Storm.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Aug. 14.—One of the most violent rain-storms of years passed over this city yesterday morning. A number of sewers were washed out and the adjacent streets and cellars flooded. The front of a new four-story building was undermined and fell with a crash, but fortunately no one was injured. The loss will be about $6,000.

Resigned.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Aug. 14.—Hon. J. B. Barnaby has forwarded his resignation as member of the Democratic National Committee from Rhode Island on account of the poor condition of his health.

Wells College to Be Rebuilt.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Aug. 14.—The trustees of Wells College, recently burned at Aurora, have decided to build on the same site, but after different plans, at an expense of not less than $100,000.

From Birth to the Grave.

We carry with us certain physical traits, as we do certain mental characteristics. Lunamach that psychologists have striven to designate by generic titles certain temperaments—as the bilious, the nervous, the lymphatic. The individual with a sallow complexion is set down as bilious, often rightly so. If the saffron in the hue of his skin is traceable to bile in the blood, its presence in the wrong place instead of the liver, will also be evinced by fur on the tongue pain beneath the right ribs and through the right shoulder blade, sick headache, constipation flatulence and indigestion. For the relief of this very common, but not essentially perilous complaint, there is no more genial and thorough remedy than Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which is also a beneficent tonic and strength promoter and widely esteemed remedy for and preventive of fever and ague, rheumatism, kidney and bladder troubles.

CAUTION!

Beware of Fraud, as my name and price are stamped on the bottom of all my advertised shoes before leaving the factory, which protect the wearer against high prices and inferior goods. If a dealer offers W. L. DOUGLAS shoes at a reduced price, or says he has them without my name and price stamped on the bottom, put him down as a fraud.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.

The only fine calf $3 SEAMLESS Shoe in the world made without TACKS OR NAILS. As stylish and durable as those costing $5 or $6, and having no tacks or nails to wear the stocking or hurt the feet, makes them comfortable and well-fitting as a hand sewed shoe. Buy the best. None genuine unless name and price stamped on bottom "W. L. Douglas $3 Shoe, warranted."

W. L. Douglas $4 Shoe, the original and only hand sewed welt $4 shoe, which equals custom made shoes costing from $6 to $8.

W. L. Douglas $2.50 Shoe is unexcelled for heavy wear.

W. L. Douglas $2 Shoe is worn by all BOYS, and is the best school shoe in the world.

All the above goods are made in Congress, Button and Lace, and if not sold by your dealer, write W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

JAMES MARSHALL, AGENT JANESVILLE, WIS

AN ORDINANCE to amend an ordinance entitled "An ordinance requiring the railway companies to place flagmen at certain street crossings and to plank said crossings to the full width thereof."

The Mayor and Common Council of the City of Janesville do ordain as follows:

SECTION 1.

Ordinance No. 116 entitled "An ordinance requiring the railway companies hereinafter named to place flagmen at certain street crossings and to plank said crossings to the full width thereof," is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

SECTION 1. The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Company and the Chicago & Northwestern Railway Company are, and each of them is hereby required to place a flagman at each of the following street crossings in said city, at all times between the hours of 6 o'clock a. m. and 10 o'clock p. m., to-wit:

At the Jackson street crossing, at the High street crossing, at the Academy street crossing, at the Wall street crossing, and at the Pleasant street crossing; and to so station and suitably warn all persons about to pass over any of said crossings of danger from approaching or passing engines or cars.

SECTION 2. Each of said railway companies is hereby required to place and maintain planks, and keep the same in good repair, between the tracks and rails of each of said roads, so far as its land or right of way does or may extend between its tracks and the tracks of any other adjoining railway company, except where such railway crosses a street, above the same, upon a bridge or trestle work, to the full width of each of said respective streets and to a height equal to the height of said rails at said crossings.

SECTION 3. If either of said companies shall fail to comply with any of the requirements of this ordinance, such company so failing shall pay to the city of Janesville the sum of fifty (50) dollars for each such failure or neglect of duty. Each day that such company shall fail to keep a flagman stationed at each of said High, Academy, Wall and Pleasant street crossings at all times between the hours above mentioned, or shall fail to plank any street crossing, and keep the same in repair, to the full width of the street and the full height of the rails as herein set for

THE GAZETTE.

THE OFFICIAL CITY PAPER.

AVERAGE CIRCULATION OF DAILY AND WEEKLY 3,450.

Subscription and Advertising Rates.

DAILY—Per year payable in monthly installments..... $6.50
WEEKLY—Per year, in advance..... 1.50

WE PUBLISH FREE,

Marriage, death and obituary notices, without poetry; also notices of church and society meetings.

WE PUBLISH AT HALF RATES.

Church and society notices of entertainments given for revenue.

WE CHARGE FULL RATES,

For cards of thanks, obituary poems, financial statements of insurance companies and all other classes of items not considered news.

THE GAZETTE

is the best advertising medium in Southern Wisconsin, and our rates are based on our circulation, and are cheap when so considered. Prices for local or display advertising cheerfully furnished on application.

GAZETTE PRINTING CO.

APRIL 18, 1888.

TUESDAY AUGUST 14.

LOCAL MATTERS.

A boat load of tea for 25 cents, at the Magnet.

Give our $1.90 men's shoe a trial. You will find it a better shoe than you are paying $2.50 or elsewhere.

RICHARDSON SHOE CO.

If you want anything in the furniture line at reasonable prices, go to Sanborn's furniture store, North Main street.

STRAYED OR STOLEN—A small, black pony, about thirty-six inches high. Anyone returning the same or leaving word as to its whereabouts at Galbraith Bro's barn, will be suitably rewarded.

Get a pair of our kid opera slips, nice style and fine wearers, only 45c.

RICHARDSON SHOE CO.

Stoves of nearly all kinds and descriptions at lowest prices, at Sanborn's stove store.

Ladies!

I am prepared to do dress making of all kinds. A share of your patronage is respectfully solicited.

MRS. AGNES TAYLOR,
204 East Milwaukee St.

Have you seen our sewed calf boots for $2, worth $3.50, at Richardson Shoe Co.

Now is the time to buy a baby carriage cheap, $2.50 up, at Wheelock's. They want the room for fall stock.

Stop and see our elegant line of patent leather button boots; they are dandies.

RICHARDSON SHOE CO.

HOUSE FOR RENT—No. 132 South Main street. Enquire of F. F. Pierson at the gun shop.

Very fine gauze underwear 25 cents Gloves in great variety 10 cents a pair, umbrlers 30 cents a dozen at the Magnet.

Silk mitts, 10, 25 and 35 cents at the Magnet, buy a pair before they are all sold.

A pointer from headquarters—our line of fall dress fabrics and trimming novelties will be ready soon. It will pay you to study this.

ARCHIE REID.

$750 for a house, barn and lot, with good well, on South Jackson street. (If taken soon.) D. CONGER.

Seven strawberry seasons will have passed before you can buy so cheap again. Read our ad—call and see us.

ARCHIE REID.

WANTED—Some man with $600 can double it in one year, by buying those five choice 4x8 lots, at $120 each now for sale by D. Conger.

Summer is still with us, we are offering many kinds of summer goods a prices that are intereating—way down—very low—drop in.

J. M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

Century for August, 29 cents at the Magnet, 21 Milwaukee street.

Mothers and fathers, here is an offering. A hundred dozen children's school handkerchiefs at 2c. each

ARCHIE REID.

FOR RENT—a first class dwelling with barn, Park avenue, fourth ward. Enquire of C. H. Keyes, at the premises or of L. B. Cutting.

The best and cheapest croquet sets and hammocks at King & Skelly's.

Fall goods—Although fall is not yet here—there are always certain people who commence early to think about things for fall wear. Realizing the situation we have placed orders early on certain lines of goods—to be in time for early purchasers. With the desirable styles we are showing in dress goods and latest novelties in trimmings we are in a position to please most anyone.

J. M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

Always the first to show a line of new fall dress goods, early purhasers will find a good line of wool Henriettas, Camellets and Serges in all the desirable fall shades, at prices less than the same goods will be sold for later on.

BORT, BAILEY & CO.

House and two lots on South Main street, residence of the late S. Heimstreet, must be sold before October 1st. Terms easy. Enquire at Heimstreet's drug store.

Gloomy down the street—but our summer trade was never as satisfactory;

ARCHIE REID.

A new supply of window shades and curtain cloth at Sutherland's Bookstore.

Every lady that has looked at our 50-cent all-wool Serge, 40 inches wide, say it is the best value they ever saw for the money. We have it in all desirable shades. BORT, BAILEY & CO.

The finest assortment of autograph and photograph albums, cheap, at Sutherland's bookstore.

Timely hints to buyers—we are very anxious to sell summer goods.

ARCHIE REID.

I have Peckham's Genuine Jack-Knife shoes; and will sell them at cost, and give a jack-knife, too.

J. B. MINOR.

Come while we chirp—summer dry goods at any price to close quick.

ARCHIE REID.

Advice to Mothers.

MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP should always be used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoe. 25c a bottle.

LOVE IN LEAP YEAR.

She asked him once, she asked him twice,
She asked him thrice to wed.
He thought her friendship "very nice,"
But each time shook his head.

At last, when he felt more inclined
The wedded state to try,
He told her he had changed his mind;
But she said, "So have I."

—*Century.*

BRIEFLETS.

—Work in the new park fountain is progressing rapidly.

—W. D. Hoard, of Fort Atkinson, was in the city this afternoon.

—The Rev. A. J. Brill, of Rockford Ill., is in the city to-day calling on friends.

—The Rev. Henry Faville, formerly of this city but now of Racine, was in the city to-day.

—Hon. James Sutherland and T. S. Nolan will address Magnolia republicans Friday evening.

—Mrs. H. A. Baker entertained a company of friends very pleasantly last evening at progressive euchre.

—Janesville City Lodge No. 90, I. O. O. F., occupy Odd Fellows hall this evening—regular weekly meeting.

—A number of Janesville horsemen expect to attend the Sharon races on Friday and Saturday of this week.

—Messrs. R. C. Holdredge and S. D. Grubb have returned from a two weeks' outing among Wisconsin summer resorts.

—Tuckwood's restaurant, mention of which was made in the Gazette some time ago, will soon be opened in Davies Bros. store.

—Miss May Baldwin, who has been a guest of Miss Estella Ashcraft at Lake Geneva for the past few weeks, returned home last evening.

—Next Monday will see the seventh series of Building Association stock opened. Payments will also be received on the other series.

—Mrs. Thomas Harris, the faithful nurse, has returned from Madison. Those desiring her services will find her at her residence, 211 Academy street.

—Miss Nellie Seaton, daughter of B. W. Seaton, publisher of the Prairie Chief of Cambridge, Illinois, is visiting her cousins, Mrs. C. E. Bowles and Mrs. J. A. Whiffen.

—The Madison young men who have been in camp above the city for some time past, returned to their homes this morning. Their camp is still occupied, however, by a number of the Janesville boys.

—There will be a season of pleasure at Pope's Springs to-morrow evening. The Terpsichorean club and a few invited friends will spend the evening at the springs, keeping time to music from Anderson's orchestra. The Mayflower will leave for the picnic grounds at seven o'clock.

—Seven carloads of excursionists on their way from Chicago to Madison passed through the city this afternoon. The cars and engine were handsomely decorated with flags and banners; while another noticeable feature was the number of Harrison hats seen through the car windows.

—The new settees in the park appear to be much larger than is necessary. Through the gathering gloom last evening several of the settees which held two young people appeared entirely unoccupied, except for a space hardly large enough for one, directly in the middle. Partitions would hardly be welcome in such cases.

—Among those present at the auction sale of John E. Burton's property at Lake Geneva last week were Mr. George Woodruff, of this city, and Mr. Aden Proctor, of Indian Ford, who is a son-in-law of the late Silas Hurd, purchased a handsome Nutwood colt from the Burton stables, paying in the neighborhood of six hundred dollars.

—Judge Patterson is still busied with a breach of warranty case between P. C. McGuire and William Doheny. McGuire bought a horse of Doheny last fall, Doheny guaranteeing the horse to be sound. The animal afterwards gave out and McGuire brought suit to recover his money. The claim of the defendant is that the horse was sound when first sold, but was hurt by over-driving.

—The "swinging" harnesses for use in the fire department have arrived, and to-day Chief Engineer Blunk is placing them in position. The use of this kind of harness is a great relief to the horses, as all the harness remains at the truck, suspended in such a manner that a team can be hitched to the truck several seconds quicker than by the old way. Heretofore the harness remained on the horses day and night.

—We understand that the McCormick Co. will have the finest exhibit of machinery at the fair ever seen in this section. They are making arrangements to build a large platform and have all binders, reapers, etc., set under a large tent. Others are coming in and the display of machinery will be immense. Privileges are now for sale at the secretary's office; also those wishing space for exhibits should call and select the same. The books are also open for entries in all departments.

HURT BY A FALL.

Peter Hogan Receives Serious if not Fatal Injuries.

Peter Hogan, father of Marshal Hogan, fell down stairs in his barn in the town of LaPrairie last evening and received serious if not fatal injuries. At the time the accident occurred he was feeding stock. One of his ribs were broken and serious internal injuries was sustained.

TRANSFERS OF ROCK COUNTY REAL ESTATE.

The following real estate transfers were recorded during the week ending Aug. 13, as reported by C. E. Bowles, Real Estate and Loan Agent:

J. F. Barker to W. F. Carle, part of lots 6 and 7 in block 8, village of Orfordville	$ 600 00
Wisconsin Shoe Company to Henry Palmer, lot 4 and part of lot 3 in block 46, O. P., Janesville	3,300 00
Elizabeth B. Davis to James L. Davey, part of lot 28, Mitchell's addition to Janesville	1,100 00
Milo S. Palmer to Phidelo H. Bump eighth of lot 21 in Mitchell's addition to Janesville	2,800 00
Mary Jane Pankhurst to Lucy M. Gilbert, 3 acres in section 22, Rock	150 00
H. Richardson to Adah Gibbs, 5½ of lot 8 and n¼ of lot 7 in block 17 in Palmer & Stevens addition, Janesville	200 00

An Appreciative Listener.—Miss Holsoule (who is not a thorough musician) —What a beautiful piece the orchestra is playing now!

Professor Sneidberger—Dot! Vy, dot vas "Choouy-getoher-goon!"

Miss Holsoule—I think those old German melodies are perfectly entrancing! —(*Time.*

OBITUARY.

MRS. ELLA ERLER.

Mrs. Ella, wife of Mr. Robert L. Erler, died at her home near the School for the Blind yesterday afternoon, aged thirty-four years. Quick consumption was the immediate cause of her death, although she had been confined to her bed with a complication of diseases for several months. While her death was not altogether unexpected, it nevertheless was a severe blow to her husband and little babe who survive. Deceased was a daughter of Mr. James Yates, of Locust street, fourth ward, and had many warm friends in the city who will be pained at reading of her untimely death.

The funeral will be held at the home to-morrow afternoon, the Rev. Dr. Hodge officiating.

MRS. LYDIA RICHARDSON.

The home of Mr. Eagar Richardson, North River street, was suddenly thrown into a house of mourning last evening at eight o'clock. At that hour, his wife Mrs. Lydia Richardson, quietly fell into her last long sleep. Deceased had been in poor health for some months suffering from heart disease, and for two weeks or more just previous to her death she had been troubled with dropsy. Yesterday she appeared to be about in her usual condition, the doctor visited and prescribed for her. She took her medicine and soon after fell back into that sleep which knows no awakening this side the grave. Besides her husband see leaves a family of three children—two daughters and one son—Mrs. George Moore, of Cambridge, Nebraska; Miss Anna Richardson and Bert Richardson, of this city. She also has one sister, Mrs. A. Norrie, of this city, and five brothers, two residing in Janesville, Hon. A. C. and Mr. James D. Bates.

Mrs. Richardson was fifty-two years of age, and had resided in Janesville for upward of thirty years. She had many friends in Janesville, all of whom will tender the deepest sympathy to the bereaved home and relatives.

JAMES CONNORS.

At about 9:30 o'clock last evening death invaded the home of James Connors residing on St. Mary's avenue, second ward, and took therefrom his second oldest son, James, aged 14 years, who was attacked with diphtheria the latter part of June, rallying only to be succeeded by other ailments which culminated in quick consumption causing his death.

The deceased was a bright, active, intelligent, industrious boy, who was respected in the neighborhood, and whose death is a severe blow to his bereaved parents.

Funeral from St. Mary's church on Wednesday at 2 o'clock p. m.

CHRISTINA ROCK.

Christina Rock, infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Rock, of the fifth ward, was taken away by death yesterday afternoon. The little one had been sick but a short time, death resulting from whooping cough. Funeral services at the home at 9 a. m. on Wednesday.

A CASE FOR JUDGE BENNETT.

The Steinhauser Murder Case Soon to be Tried.

When Judge Bennett goes to Jefferson September 3d, the first case on his criminal calendar will be the Steinhauser murder case.

Dispatches from Jefferson state that the time draws near for the trial of Mrs. Steinhauser and Henry Rohrmoser, charged with the murder of Mrs. Steinhauser's husband last spring, a renewed interest is felt in the subject. The case comes on at the September term, which opens on the 3d. The defense has retained two excellent lawyers, Messrs. R. B. Kirkland and George Grimm, and propose to make a sturdy fight. Mrs. Steinhauser does not seem disposed to give any additional facts in regard to the case, and still adheres to her last story. She says she is confident of being acquitted. Rohrmoser says nothing.

A BAND LEADER'S TROUBLES.

He Must Look After His Men Like a Mother.

"Trying to keep up a band in a town like this," said Walter Helms musingly, "is no fun. It means lots of hard work."

"Practicing, do you mean?"

"No; its worse than that. A band can hardly be made up in a town of this size without help from out of town. We may be able to get men for all the instruments but two or three. Then we must advertise. The answers come in about this way: and Mr. Helms held up a letter that he had just received. It read:

"DEAR SIR:—I play first or second cornet or trombone. Will come to Janesville, but must be sure of work. Am a tin smith by trade. If you can get me a steady position write.

JOHN BLANK."

"Now that's what I have to do for every man that comes here from any other town. Its the only way that a band can be kept up, but its hard on the leader for these men expect to be kept in work from the time they strike town and if they don't like the job you get them first they quit and let you get them another."

Harvest Excursions.

Will be run by the Chicago & Northwestern railway to points in Iowa, Minnesota, Dakota (including the Black Hills) Nebraska, Wyoming and Colorado for which tickets will be sold August 21st September 11th, and 25th, October 9th and 23d, at half the usual rates, one fare for the round trip. These excursions will enable those desirous of locating on free government land or of purchasing cheap railroad lands to look the ground over carefully and judge for themselves of the wonderful fertility of the soil, which is fully demonstrated by the bounteous harvest of the present season. For full information regarding rates, tickets, etc., apply to any agent of the Chicago & Northwestern Railway.

THE WEATHER.

At seven o'clock this morning the thermometer indicated 62 degrees above zero. Partly cloudy with southeast wind. At one o'clock p. m. the register was 78 degrees above zero. Cloudy with [south wind. For the corresponding hours one year ago the register was 59 and 77 degrees above zero.

You'll find her smiling night and day,
Although at times she is not gay.
And should you wonder why you meet
This constant smile, regard her teeth,
She only laughs those gems to show,
Which SOZODONT makes white as snow.

FOR THE STATE FAIR.

The Special Exhibit of Woman's Work at the Fair.

Something of Importance to the Industrious Women of Wisconsin.

[From the Evening Wisconsin.]

Arrangements have been made with the executive board of the Wisconsin State Agricultural Society, for a department for the exhibit of woman's work at the state fair, which will be held at the grounds of the society, Cold Spring Park, Milwaukee, September 17 to 21 inclusive. It is confidently expected to make this exhibit an attractive feature of the fair. Vigorous efforts have been made to awaken an interest among women to stimulate them to make this department one, in every way, worthy of the women of Wisconsin. Invitations have been extended to each of the different organizations of women in the state and from the many letters of inquiry received we gather some idea of the interest awakened. The premium list has been carefully arranged and is liberal in its inducements to exhibitors. The fairs of 1886 and 1887, held in Milwaukee, were successful beyond the expectations of the most sanguine and it is safe to predict that the fair of 1888 under the skillful management of Secretary Newton and his competent aids will be more eminently successful; everything is being provided that will contribute to the comfort of those in attendance! Milwaukee offers better inducements and better hotel and railroad facilities to visitors than any other city in the state. It abounds in attractions, and its boulevards, public gardens, elegant public and private buildings, added to the natural beauty of its scenery, contribute to make it a delightful city to visit.

Our fairs are educational in their nature and constantly stimulate a spirit of emulation in those who attend them in the capacity of sight-seers, as well as those who contribute the fruits of their labors that lend so much to the attractiveness of these annual exhibits. We are assured that the laws passed by our legislature regarding gambling and the sale of intoxicants upon the fair grounds will be peremptorily enforced. Wheels of fortune and all games of chance are things of the past upon Wisconsin state fair grounds; the efficient management of the past few years having swept them clean of all such pitfalls for the feet of the unwary. Exhibitions of woman's work held in other states have been very successful and ours, being held under the management of the State Agricultural Society, is a guarantee of its success from the first. The educational influences of competitive tests are patent to all, augur better results in the future. As large a premium is offered for a loaf of bread as for a carriage or a suit of clothing, which is an indication of a higher appreciation of the labors of the "gude housewife" than existed in former times. To the women who are interested in bee-keeping, premiums sufficiently liberal are offered to induce them to exhibit the fruits of their labor. Class 60, work of boys and girls under 15 years of age, has been revised and enlarged and we hope will attract many of the school children to exhibit. We hope every woman will consider herself especially invited to contribute evidences of her handiwork to this, our first exhibit. An entry fee of $1.50 entitles the exhibitor to as many entries as she may choose to make; entries can be made by sending to the secretary at the agricultural rooms, Madison, until September 10; after that date Plankinton House Club rooms, Milwaukee, enclosing the entry fee in postal or express order. The Wisconsin W. S. A. offers a premium of $15 to the woman's organization making best and largest display in Class No. 63, works of art, and $10 for second best; all entries for this class must be entered for "Woman's Exhibit." We hope that all societies intending to compete for this special premium will appoint their committees to solicit exhibits so that a complete canvass can be made. Correspondence is solicited, and all questions relative to to the exhibit will be cheerfully answered. Premium lists may be obtained by applying to Secretary T. L Newton, Madison, or V. H. Campbell, superintendent exhibit of woman's work, Evansville, Wis.

V. H. CAMPBELL.

Do not despair of curing your sick headache when you can so easily obtain Carter's Little Liver Pills. They will effect a prompt and permanent cure. Their action is mild and natural.

MAGNOLIA.

—Born Aug. 1st to Mr. and Mrs. Clyde McCoy, a boy weighing 10 pounds. Also on the same inst. to Mr. and Mrs. Del. Townshend, a boy weighing 7½ pounds.

—Mr. Frank Whitney and wife, of Courtland, Minn.; Mr. John Whitney and wife and Miss Myrtie Whitney, of Baraboo, are enjoying a reunion with their parents Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Whitney, of this place.

—Mr. John Finegan is quite sick.

—Advent quarterly meeting will begin Friday evening holding over Sunday.

—Mrs. E. Graves and children of Chicago, are spending a month in town.

—Mrs. G. H. Austin has returned from Evansville and is much better.

—Mr. W. F. Styles has his new store finished and will fill it with goods and occupy it this week.

—Misses Ella and Jennie Howard, of Albany, have been visiting here.

Dakota Hot Springs.

Located in the Black Hills of Dakota, are reported as accomplishing wonders in the way of curing obstinate cases of rheumatism and kinderd complaints.

The Chicago & Northwestern railway runs fast trains carrying sleeping cars between Chicago and Buffalo Gap., Dak., with only one change, from which point the springs are most readily accessible.

Excursion tickets at special rates are now on sale. For full particulars apply to any ticket agent, or address the General Passenger Agent C. & N. W. Ry. at Chicago.

Water, Water, Water.

Now is the time to subscribe for water, for the Water Co. will lay but a few more services from the main to the fence line free of charge. Soon la charge of twelve dollars will be made for what the company is now doing free. The water prevents sickness, saves labor, keeps the grass green, lays the dust and cools the atmosphere. Office open every afternoon and from seven to eight o'clock in the evening.

No one knows better than those who have used Carter's Little Liver Pills what relief they have given when taken for dyspepsia, dizziness, pain in the side, constipation and disordered stomach.

A Bargain.

A good chance to buy a home cheap. We have for sale on easy terms, two houses and lots on Ravine street, first ward. For further particulars enquire at Kimball Hardware Co.

Sage cheese at Dennistou's.

GROVER'S LITTLE LAMB.

Grover had a little lamb,
Just like the nursery maid;
With English shears he clipped its wool,
And called the lamb "Free Trade."

Said Grover: "Dan, we'll find some day,
When at the lamb we peep,
That in our care it's grown to be
A rousing British sheep."

The lamb got into Congress once
And lost its precious wool;
The democrats there cut it off
To please old Johnny Bull.

And when the fall elections came,
Said Grover, "Daniel, dear,
We'll hear now from that little lamb
Which once we loved to shear.

"I wonder if its fleece has grown?
I think not, Dan, don't you?
We clipped it very close, you know,
For England told us to."

And while the President still had
His little lamb in mind,
A something like a cyclone struck
Him very hard behind.

Cried Grover: "Daniel! what was that?
I'm all broke up, I am!
Was it a cyclone on the jump?"
"No, Grover, 'twas the lamb."

They bound a red bandanna on
The bruised and bleeding spot;
They tried to whisper words of cheer,
But cheered he would be not.

And when they raised him up to see
His Beecher-robbed little lamb,
He found that he had grown to be
A big protection ram.

"What made the lamb butt Grover so?"
The children asked at school;
"It was because," the teacher said,
"He robbed it of its wool."

And not a soul in all the land
For Grover then was sad,
Such is the simple story of
The lamb our Grover had.

—*T. C. Harbaugh in Dayton Journal.*

WANTED IN MILWAUKEE.

Rev. Mr. Schlerf Called to the Pulpit of Bethlehem Church.

The members of St. Paul's German church are anxiously awaiting the decision of their pastor regarding his removal to Milwaukee.

Mr. Schlerf received a dispatch yesterday notifying him that a call had been extended to him from the Bethlehem church of Milwaukee. He has not yet decided what action he will take in the matter, and it is hoped that he may be induced to remain in this city. To his efforts are due the growth of St. Paul's Lutheran church in this city from thirty persons—which was its membership in 1875—to one hundred and fifty families, its present membership.

Bethlehem church, to which Mr. Schlerf has been called, will be dedicated next Sunday. The congregation consists of one hundred families who have withdrawn from the other Milwaukee churches in order to find a place of worship nearer their homes. An increase of two hundred families is expected during the year. The parish school connected with the school is constantly growing and employs three teachers.

MOVING THE DEPOT.

Additional Track Facilities for the Northwestern.

A large force of men was put at work this morning at the Northwestern passenger depot in this city. It is intended to remove the depot further toward Wall street and thus to give room for another track between the Northwestern and the Milwaukee and St. Paul depots.

"We've always had trouble with the track, the way it is now," said a Northwestern employe this morning. "When a train is at the depot now no other train can get through. We want the other track for switching more than for anything else."

There will be no platform beside the new track, and most of the trains will arrive on the track now in use.

JOHNSTOWN.

—The grain is all cut, some threshing is done and considerable of the stacking. Much more threshing will be done from the shock than ever before.

—Grant Wood's barley went forty bushels to the acre. Volney Wood's winter wheat went thirty-two bushels to the acre. The grain is all good with very few exceptions. Corn will be a large crop if there is no early frost. Potatoes are not in situation to judge as well especially the later varieties.

—At the caucus in this town on Saturday, A. M. Carter, Jas. Hadden, Jr., and Wm. A. Pooke were elected delegates to the county convention that meets on the 15th inst. Candidates are making frequent visits among the people of this town. We have no candidates in this town as far as heard from and all is lovely. Every body is busy and no time to spend in the political canvass at present but they are all wide awake for the presidential campaign.

—Butler Woodbury has one hundred and fifty acres of timothy ready for threshing.

—There is but little grain dry enough for threshing.

—J. C. Light has returned from his excursion to Lake Superior.

—We learn that L. D. Hollister and family have returned from California to stay.

—A large audience was in attendance at the Sunday school concert at Johnstown Center Sunday, under the management of J. T. Wright, of Janesville, assisted by Dr. Higley, of Beloit, Rev. Brown, of North Johnstown, and others.

EMERALD GROVE.

—Mr. Ira Wright, of Flint, Michigan, brother of Mr. J. S. Wright, and Miss Etta Wright, have been visiting their relatives here.

—Kirk's White Cloud soap, five bars for 25 cents, at Hastings'.

—Dr. Farr and wife, of Beloit, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Wetmore on Sunday last.

—Daniel Burke left for Iowa on Monday last. He took his two children, and intends to permanently locate.

—Willie McArthur, who has been taking a little trip as far as Cincinnati, and visited the exposition, returned home a few days ago and reports a pleasant time.

—Our attention was lately called to a very ingenious device inventedby Mr. Alex McGregor. It is an attachment to the separator for accurately measuring and delivering in bags of grain. There is no handling the half bushel or filling bags in the clumsy old way. There is no slobbering over and wasting grain. All the operator has to do is to attach the bag, raise the lever at the proper time, which admits just a bushel and one half into the sack. Mr. McGregor's long experience in the threshing business, led him to see the necessity of some expeditious and economical way of handling grain, with the above results.

—Rev. Dr. Higley, of Beloit, preached to a large and interested audience last Sabbath morning in the Congregational church. He also preached in the M. E. church in the evening.

—Young People's pie social in the Congregational social rooms Friday evening Aug. 17th.

Buggies and Carts.

S. L. James, corner of Court and South Main streets, has for sale the J. S Clark buggy, and the greatest variety of road carts to be found in the city, and will sell them cheaper than any one will sell the same quality of work. Please call and examine the work.

Choice figs just received at Dennistou's.

BRODHEAD.

—Misses Celia and Elsie Salisbury, of Elkhorn, Wis, both formerly teachers here, came to Brodhead last Tuesday to visit their many friends.

—Mrs. Thos. Hendrie is still very ill and her daughter, Mrs. Libbie Pulley, of Oxford Junction, Iowa, arrived Monday evening.

—The musicale given by Mrs. J. T. Sweeney, assisted by some of her pupils and by Mrs. H. O. Clarke, of Brodhead, and Messrs. E. O. Kimberly and Geo. Paris of Janesville, at the Presbyterian church last Friday evening was an exceptional treat to all lovers of music. It was a complimentary recital and the church was well filled with an highly appreciative audience. That part of the programme taken by Mrs. Sweeney's pupils, was very interesting, and showed much care and painstaking both by Mrs. Sweeney and her pupils. The singing by Mrs. Sweeney and Mrs. Clarke and Messrs. Kimberly and Paris, needs no new words of commendation, as the singers are so well known. Altogether it was one of the finest entertainments given in Brodhead in some time, and Mrs. Sweeney has reason to be proud of her success.

—Mrs. Dr. A. E. Bulson and children left Saturday for a visit at her old home in Paw Paw, Michigan. She will be joined this week by the doctor, and together they will attend the commencement exercises of the Lansing University, at which their son Bert is a senior student.

—Died—At the residence of his father-in-law, Col. L. Kingman, near Brodhead on Thursday morning, Aug. 9, 1888, of consumption, Mr. Earl J. Miller. The funeral service being preached by Rev. G. W. Nuzum, of Viroqua, formerly of Brodhead. The remains were tenderly laid to rest in our beautiful Greenwood cemetery.

—Mrs. I. F. Dunwiddie and Miss Flora Dunwiddie, of Janesville, came to Brodhead last week to visit. Mr. I. F. Dunwiddie spent Saturday and Sunday with his wife.

—Mr. and Mrs. Geo. M. Pierce entertained a small company last Saturday evening. Music and cards were the chief features, and choice refreshments were served.

—Miss Root, of Fort Atkinson, spent last week in Brodhead with her cousin, Mrs. W. B. F. Hyde.

—Miss Belle Hall, who is holding a position in Milwaukee as stenographer, was called home last week by the death of her uncle, Mr. Earl J. Miller. She returned Monday.

THE SEA ANEMONE.

A Queer Little Animal with Many Arms and Big Appetites.

In structure the sea anemone consists of a sac divided by vertical partitions into as many distinct cavities as there are fingers or tentacles, says the Baltimore *Sun*. At birth there are six of these cavities, then come twelve, next forty-eight, and so on. The mouth of the animal occupies the center of the crown or head of the anemone and of all the waving arms. The body of the creature may be described as a circular gelatinous bag. The upper part of this bag is turned in so as to form a sac within a sac.

The inner sac is the stomach of the animal. It has an aperture at the bottom, through which the food can pass into the outer cavity. The eggs are attached to and hang on the inner edge of the partition. When they mature they drop into the main body cavity and enter the stomach through the hole in the lower opening. From there the little ones are passed out through the mouth, from which orifice they are tenderly taken by two tentacles, which become wonderfully elongated for the occasion. These tentacles take up the young anemones, now perfect in form and functions, and very carefully and slowly deposit them on the rock around the base and close to the mother anemone.

The young anemones may remain for some time upon the spot where they are replaced, but they have the means of locomotion. This is effected by a double set of muscles, one running around the body and the other longitudinally arranged. I have fourteen young anemones, all born in my aquarium since my return from Bermuda about fourteen weeks ago. Their ages vary from three months down to the youngest, born four days ago.

The anemones are possessed of a peculiar means of offense and defense. These are poisoned threads of arrows, embedded in the outer skin substance, and which are capable of being shot out with considerable force and inconceivable rapidity. They bury themselves in whatever object against which they are projected, and probably convey to the wound some poisonous matter which renders their prey a helpless victim to the anemone's greedy mouth.

The anemone has a sense of smell and also has rudimentary eyes—not of much use probably—but the most interesting sense which it possesses is that of taste. Notwithstanding its voracousness, it has its pronounced likes and dislikes. I fed mine upon bits of oyster or clam or fresh meat, scraped fine. Every piece dropped in the water over them is seized by their outstretched arms and passed hurriedly to their mouths. The daintiest food for them, however, are the small crabs sometimes found in oyster shells. These the anemones fairly revel in. A good-sized sea flower could easily swallow a whole crab at a meal.

EXPIRED FROM RAGE.

A Newspaper Man Truthfully Describes His Experience on the Prairie.

Snake stories are in season, and we propose to tell one literally true, says the Atlanta *Journal*. We were riding over the unsettled prairies of Kansas with a companion, when we came suddenly upon a large prairie rattlesnake. The growth of grass all over the prairie was rank and thick, and fully six or eight inches high, except in the little flat or depressed spots where the water had stood until late in the spring; on these it was short and scant. It was one of these partially bare places, perhaps thirty feet square, that we came upon the snake. We took out our revolver, and were about to shoot at it, but our companion said: "Don't shoot." We had wasted most of our loads shooting at prairie-chickens, etc., and might need what we had left for other game.

There was not a stick large enough for a riding switch within a mile, but there were limestone rocks here and there on the prairie, and he said if we would keep the snake in the bare place he would ride a short distance back and get a rock where he had seen several. We undertook the task, but the snake was vicious, and bent on getting out into the high grass. Finding that he would get out if he had to pass under our horse, we drew back a few steps and fired at him. The ball struck and cut up the ground a few inches beyond him; but the discharge seemed to change his entire disposition and action. He wriggled to a small "resin weed" growing in the bare spot, and coiled himself tightly around it. By this time our companion had returned with a rock, and, dismounting, we threw it at the snake. It struck the ground a few inches beyond him, and he never moved.

Approaching cautiously we drew away the stone with the crooked handle of an umbrella and again threw it at the snake. This time it did not quite reach him, but struck the ground near him and rolled over so as to touch him lightly. Still he never moved or rattled.

With some fear of danger we quietly touched him with the end of the umbrella, and as he still remained motionless and quiet we cautiously unwound him from his coil around the weed. He was limp as a rag, but entirely dead—dead all over; not even his tail gave any signs of vitality. There was not a bruise about him, and certainly we had not hurt him with either ball or rock. We could only conclude that in his rage or fright when fired at he had bitten and thus killed himself.

Money saved by purchasing your paper by the package and envelopes by the box at Sutherland's bookstore.

The latest novelties in walking sticks at Ziegler's. Very cheap.

Something new—our 54-inch Cameletts at $1.25—value $1.50, in all the new fall shades. BORT, BAILEY & CO.

THE LETTER AT LAST.

An Expert Does it Up for the President

Nothing Now Needed but a New Cyclopedia Extracts.

The New York Tribune is responsible for this: Mr. Lamont and Mr. Cleveland seem to be having so much trouble in preparing the latter's letter of acceptance that a bright Washington writer, used to preparing speeches for great free trade congressmen, has felt called upon to fix up a little one for him. He is, of course, under no obligation to adopt it, but he might go farther and fare worse. He can at least take it as a basis, and, with the help of his well thumbed cyclopedia, a little assistance from the dictionary, a hurried glance at the gazetteer and a casual inspection of the census report, fix up a letter that will satisfy the democrats.

HEADQUARTERS OF EXECUTIVE MIND,
EXECUTIVE MANSION,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug.—

To Chairman Democratic Committee:

DEAR SIR:—My attention having been called to the fact that I have been nominated by the Democratic party for the great office wherein reposes the sovereignty of the sixty millions of people of this country, I desire to say that I will accept. If I had not intended to accept I would not have instructed the party to have nominated Me. In regard to My remark four years ago that a second term was not desirable I will say that I find that there are so many matters requiring My attention that I will have to remain in My present position another term. I have simply changed My Mind.

I will briefly enumerate a few of the things I have accomplished while I have been in office. I have completely reformed the civil service. During Administrations before My own, unresponsible and unknown men were repeatedly appointed in the Civil Service. I have done away with all this by appointing no man, except in rare instances, not under police surveillance. The eyes of the authorities are on them even before I appoint them to to office. My motto has been: "Put none on guard but those known to the police." You can readily see the great difference between a man who is entirely unknown and responsible to nobody and one who is already under bonds to keep the peace. Former executives have appointed men to important financial positions who, had they decamped with the funds, could never have been traced or identified; but in a great many instances of men appointed by Me an examination will show that their photographs are on file at the police headquarters of their respective homes.

I have, of course, on a few occasions given men positions who were entirely unknown to the authorities, but the cases are not too frequent, and I rectified My error as soon as possible. In some of these instances, I will also say, I think this state of affairs can be better charged to the sluggishness of the local officials than to the want of industry on the part of My men. During My next term I shall continue My reformation of the Civil Service.

Of My vigorous foreign policy I shall say but little; it speaks for itself. Great Britain, Mexico, and all other foreign Powers that are acquainted with it highly approve of it. It has given the greatest satisfaction in Canada. I shall continue it in My next.

My tariff record is so well known that little need be said of that. I have already brought several proud manufacturers to their knees at the prospect of My running their several businesses, and I shall not hesitate to make others assume the same attitude during My next term. Manufacturing will drop into calm and peaceful innocuous desuetude. I would also direct your attention to the fact that this will solve the vexed emigration problem by reducing wages so that there will be no reason for the objectionable foreign element coming here.

The way in which I have handled a grim and ghastly Press, which with ghoulish glee and hideous hilarity has sought with the sickening savageness of a venomous vampire to hold Me up to ridicule, is also worthy of your closest attention. With monstrous mirth and distorted delight, it has attempted to make sport of Me, but I have calmy replied with quotations from the American Cyclopedia which have dumbfounded it. Its vicious vivacity and grewsome gayety have been charged to baleful bitterness and griping gloom. I shall continue to crush out its hollow howlings.

I do not know that there is anything more which you need hear from Me. I have briefly touched on the more important points of My term and I assure you that I shall continue in the same line on all of them during My next term, which will begin next March. Should it appear to Me that you are still ignorant about anything, I assure you that I will write again.

PALMERSTON ISLAND.

A Jersey Man's Romantic Adventure in the Pacific Coast.

An interesting narrative that reads like a romance is contained in a letter written by Captain George Davies, of the British bark Queen's Island, to J. C. Parker, of Wilmington, Del., to the Philadelphia *Record*, describing a visit to a distant and lonely isle in the South Pacific Ocean. This isolated spot in the great waste of waters is known as Palmerston Island, and is situated in latitude 18 degrees 4 minutes south and longitude 163 degrees 10 minutes east, being represented on the charts of the world as an uninhabited coral reef, quite distant from navigation. Upon this exclusive territory Captain Davies says that one William Marston, who claims to have formerly lived near Salem, N. J., reigns like a veritable Monte Cristo, lord and master of all he surveys.

When the bark was off Palmerston Island Captain Davies was greatly surprised to see a boat's crew put off from the shore and signal that they wished to be taken on board. It was at first thought that the unexpected guests were wrecked sailors, but when the small boat pulled under the shadow of the bark the discovery was made that the little craft was loaded to the gunwales with cocoanuts and tropical fruits. The islanders were out on a trading expedition, and apprised Captain Davies of their desire to exchange their cargo for wearing apparel and other products of civilization not to be obtained on their lonely island. The crew of the bark welcomed the strangers on board and sat around them in wonderment, while William Marston, the King of Palmerston Island, spun his yarn. He spoke with feeling of his old New Jersey home, and claimed that his parents are still living in that State somewhere. Twenty-five years ago he shipped as a seaman on the bark Rifleman, at San Francisco, bound to the Tahiti, one of the group of the Society Islands. He deserted the vessel directly after she had reached her destination, and remained on the island for three years. At the end of that time he migrated to Palmerston Island, where for twenty-one years he had been planting and growing cocoanut trees and selling copra or dried cocoanut to traders who visit the island about once a year in the interest of San Francisco merchants. The population of Palmerston Island numbers but thirty-five souls, all of whom, save himself, are natives of adjacent islands, who have made their homes on Palmerston, and toil year after year in the cocoanut groves that abound there.

Captain Davies took the boat load of island treasures, Chief Marston and his crew row